455 HAYWARD AVENUE, OAKDALE, MINNESTOA 55082 Phone 651.796.2227 fax 651.330.7747 www.mscwmo.org

Regular Meeting of the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization Remotely held as posted on www.mscwmo.org

Physical location - Washington Conservation District, 455 Hayward Ave N
Thursday, December 14th, 2023
6:00PM



- a. Approval of Agenda
- 2. Approval of Minutes
 - a. Draft minutes October 12th, 2023 pg. 1-5
- 3. Treasurer's Report
 - a. Report of savings account, assets for December 14th, 2023
 - **b.** Approve payment of bills for December 14th, 2023
- 4. Public Comment
- 5. Old Business
- 6. New Business
 - a. Water Management Plan Update Public Kickoff Becca Oldenburg-Downing
 - b. 2024 MSCWMO/WCD Technical Service Agreement pg. 6-13
 - Lakeland Beach Closeout Pay Application pg. 14-16
 - d. Washington County All Hazard Mitigation Plan Adoption Resolution pg. 17
 - e. 2024 Project Review Fee Table pg. 18
- 7. Grant and Cost Share Applications
 - a. Kalambodakidis Native Planting Reimbursement pg. 19
- 8. Plan Reviews/Submittals
 - a. Plan Review and Submittal Summary pg. 20
 - i. Cates Fine Homes Office-INFORM
 - ii. Greeley Street Retail-INFORM
 - iii. Quinn Barn Project-INFORM
 - iv. Ruff Garage Project-INFORM
 - **b.** Erosion and Sediment Control Inspection Reports **None**
- 9. Staff Report **pg. 21-23**
- 10. 1W1P Updates
 - a. 2024 Annual Plan of Work Approval pg. 24-89
- 11. Other
- 12. Adjourn



Regular Meeting of the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization Washington Conservation District, 455 Hayward Ave N Thursday, October 12th, 2023 6:00PM

Present: Brian Zeller, Lakeland Shores; Carly Johnson, Oak Park Heights; Tom McCarthy, Lake St. Croix Beach; Beth Olfelt-Nelson, St. Mary's Point; Annie Perkins, Afton; Administrator Matt Downing; Amanda Herbrand, WCD; Cameron Blake, WCD Audience: Dawn Bulera, John Dahl

Call to Order

Manager Zeller called the meeting to order at 6:03PM.

Approval of Agenda

Manager Johnson motioned to approve the agenda, Manager McCarthy seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Approval of Minutes

Manager Zeller motioned to approve the draft September 14th, 2023 board meeting minutes, and Manager McCarthy seconded the motion. Manager Olfelt-Nelson abstained from the vote. The motion carried.

Treasurer's Report

Manager Olfelt-Nelson presented the treasurer's report. The remaining checking account balance on October 12th was \$391,146.37. First Bank CD's were valued at \$38,549.15. The ending value on the RBC savings account from September was \$91,825.47. Manager Perkins motioned to approve the report of the savings account and assets for October 12th, 2023. Manager McCarthy seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Bills to approve this month are one bill to Peterson Company for \$4,000.00 and five bills to the Washington Conservation District for Admin, EMWREP, Grant, Technical Services, and Water Monitoring totaling \$15,161.59. Manager Johnson motioned to approve payment of bills for \$19,161.59 for October 12th, 2023. Manager McCarthy seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Public Comment

Dawn Bulera thanked the board for their cost share and stated satisfaction with her native planting.

Old Business

None

New Business

Water Management Plan Update Contract

Administrator Downing presented an updated contract from the Washington Conservation District for the Water Monitoring Plan update for board approval. Manager Zeller motion to

approve the updated contract, Manager Johnson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

2023 BMP Inspections and Maintenance Summary

Cameron Blake from the Washington Conservation District presented a summary of maintenance activities performed by the WCD during the 2023 season.

2024 Meeting/Submittal Dates and Location

Administrator Downing presented the dates for project application deadlines and board meetings for 2024. Administrator Downing also asked the board if they would like to change the location for board meetings. Board members agreed the current location is working and makes remote attendance easier due to the space already being set up for hybrid meetings. Manager Zeller reminds board members that they have to inform Administrator Downing in advanced if they will be participating remotely. Manager Perkins clarified that remote attendance with no notice is acceptable twice if the participant is sick.

Manager Zeller motioned to approve the 2024 Meeting/Submittal Dates and Location, Manager McCarthy seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Grant and Cost Share Applications

S. Bulera Native Planting Reimbursement

On June 8th the MSCWMO board approved cost share encumbrance of up to \$250 for the Stacey Bulera Pollinator Pocket Planting project located at 16787 16th St S in Lake St. Croix Beach, MN. This project partially shares a border with the Dawn Bulera Pollinator Pocket Planting at 16777 16th St S next door. This project also received support from the Washington Conservation District "Lawns to Legumes Demonstration Neighborhood" grant in the amount of \$750. The landowner has submitted receipts for work (installation of native perennials) conducted in July and August of 2023, totaling \$427.77 in material costs. WCD staff have verified eligible expenses and have determined that the project the meets design intent. WCD staff recommend approval of the final payment request.

Manager Zeller motioned to approve reimbursement of \$250.00 cost share for the installation of the Stacey Bulera Pollinator Pocket Planting. Manager Johnson seconded the request. The motion carried with all in favor.

S. Moosai Infiltration Basin Reimbursement

On August 11th 2022 the MSCWMO board approved cost share encumbrance of up to \$5,000 for installation of a 1,500 ft2 bioretention basin located at 661 Quixote Ave N, Lakeland, MN 55043. This project also received support from the state cost share funding sources in the amount of \$10,000. The landowner has submitted receipts for work conducted in July of 2023, totaling \$19,770.00 in material and labor costs. WCD staff have verified all expenses and determined that the project meets design and performance standards. WCD staff recommend approval of the final payment request.

Manager McCarthy motioned to approve reimbursement of \$5,000.00 cost share for the installation of the Moosai Bioretention Basin. Manager Johnson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Forester Infiltration Basin Reimbursement

On June 8th the MSCWMO board approved a Water Quality Improvement grant request of \$1,500 for the Forster residence Curb-cut Raingarden and Native Planting area. The goal of the project is to intercept runoff from Driving Park Road before it is directed to Lily Lake. The garden was installed in September of 2023. This project also received support from State Cost Share funding in the amount of \$3,200. The landowner has submitted a paid invoice and WCD staff have inspected the site and recommend approval of the final payment request.

Manager Zeller motioned to approve reimbursement of \$1,500.00 cost share for the installation of the Foreseter Infiltration Basin. Manager Olfelt-Nelson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Thiets Native Planting Reimbursement

On September 14th the MSCWMO board approved cost share encumbrance of up to \$250 for the Thiets Pollinator Pocket Planting project located at 4950 Ordell Lane N Stillwater, MN. The landowner has submitted receipts for native seed that will be hand broadcast over the project site later this fall (after November 1st for fall dormant seeding). Native seed purchases total \$222.28 to date.

Manager Zeller motioned to approve reimbursement of \$222.28 cost share for the installation of the Thiets Pollinator Pocket Planting. Manager Johnson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Sunnyside Condos Native Planting Reimbursement

On March 3rd, the MSCWMO board approved cost share encumbrance of up to \$500 for the Sunnyside Condos Pollinator Pocket Planting project located at 6375 St. Croix Trail N in Stillwater, MN. HOA committee representatives have submitted receipts for materials and labor totaling \$5,050.03. WCD staff have verified all eligible expenses and have determined that the project the meets design intent. WCD staff recommend approval of the final payment request. Manager Perkins motioned to approve reimbursement of \$500.00 cost share for the installation of the Sunnyside Condos Pollinator Pocket Planting. Manager Olfelt-Nelson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Swanson Native Planting Reimbursement

On June 8th, the MSCWMO board approved cost share encumbrance of up to \$500 for the Swanson Landscaping for Habitat project located at 4425 Odegard Ave N in Baytown Township, MN. Charley Swanson has submitted receipts for material purchases in the amount of \$1,474.86 to date, which include native seed, low-maintenance turf seed, straw mulch, soil amendments, and landscape edging. Installation is expected to continue into 2024. WCD staff have verified all eligible expenses and have determined that the project the meets design intent. WCD staff recommend approval of the final payment request.

Manager Perkins motioned to approve reimbursement of \$500.00 cost share for the installation of the Swanson Landscaping for Habitat project, Manager Johnson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Plan Reviews/Submittals

Cates Fine Homes Office – INFORM

A partial application for construction of an office building was received on June 23rd. Additional submittal materials and the review fee has been received, however, the initial staff review

revealed that the site was located in a high vulnerability drinking water source management area (DWSMA) and public water supply well emergency response area (ERA) where the proposed infiltration practices are not appropriate and prohibited. MSCWMO staff has requested that applicant revise and resubmit.

Orner Shoreline - ACTION

An application for a shoreline stabilization at 499 Quinlan Ave S in Lakeland was received on September 19th. MSCWMO staff recommended approval with two conditions on September 26th and a minor revision addressed one of the conditions with MSCWMO staff recommending approval with one remaining condition on September 29th:

1. Project involves filling below the FEMA base flood elevation (692.00 feet NAVD88) and must comply with City of Lakeland Floodplain Ordinance requirements.

Manager Zeller motioned to approve the project with the one condition, Manager Johnson seconded the motion. The motion carried with all in favor.

Greeley Street Retail – INFORM

An application for project review for a proposed carwash facility at 14130 60th St N in Stillwater was received May 24th, 2023. Shortly after the initial staff review and request of additional submittal items the ownership of the property changed hands and the project was put on hold. The new owner has since re-engaged with the design consultant to resume the process for project review and additional submittal items have been received, however the review fee has not yet been received and MSCWMO staff are awaiting receipt of the review fee before initiating further review.

Quinn Barn Project – DISCUSS

An application for project review was received on September 9th for an "after-the-fact" project consisting of 2975 sf of new/reconstructed concrete surfacing around an existing barn structure at 2269 River Rd S in St. Mary's Point. Initial materials submitted were insufficient to complete a project review and additional materials were requested and received on September 29th. The revised materials proposed a rain garden with a volume control capacity of 177 cf capable of treating the required 1.1" of runoff from only 1,930 sf of new/reconstructed impervious. Additionally, only about 1,100 sf of the new/reconstructed impervious will drain to the proposed rain garden and the remaining 1,875 sf of new/reconstructed impervious will drain offsite unmitigated. A potential solution to meet the MSCWMO performance goals would be to expand the rain garden capacity to a minimum of 273 cf and direct at least 2,975 square feet of impervious surface to the rain garden by treating the existing roof runoff to offset the unmitigated impervious surfaces that discharge offsite. MSCWMO staff are requesting board discussion and recommendations for this unique situation.

Manager Zeller proposes sending a response to the community that summarizes the problems with the site, proposes a list of solutions that include potentially removing concrete, and emphasizes being clear with the wording in the response so that there is no room for interpretation. Manager Olfelt-Nelson asks about adding a drain to the end of the driveway to avoid water draining to the road, Manager Zeller and Administrator Downing agree that it would be a solution but would be difficult now that the concrete for the driveway is already in place.

Erosion and Sediment Control Inspection Reports

None

Staff Report

Administrator Downing presented the staff report.

The Lily Lake Phosphorus Reductions for Delisting CWF Grant has been closed out, Administrator Downing will be presenting about the project at the Minnesota Water Resources Conference this fall. The Phase II Lake St. Croix Small Communities Phosphorus Reduction Grant work is underway, Lake St. Croix Beach has been reimbursed for the bluff toe project. U.S. SiteWork has begun construction of the Lakeland Beach restoration/stabilization project, which utilizes the remaining funds under LSC Direct

Phase II. Work is expected to run through October and be completed before the November meeting.

Water monitoring for the season is wrapping up, a report of the season's activities can be expected in the spring. No erosion and sediment control inspections were conducted this month, but a fall reminder will be sent out to remind active projects to prepare their sites for winter. In addition, Administrator Downing attended several meetings in September and early October.

1W1P Updates

None

Other

None

Adjourn

Manager Zeller motioned to adjourn the meeting, Manager Perkins seconded the motion. The meeting adjourned at 6:53.

Contract Number: 24-01 MSCWMO

2024 SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN WASHINGTON CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

A. PARTIES

This Agreement is made and entered into by Washington Conservation District, (WCD), and the Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization (MSCWMO).

B. PURPOSE

WHEREAS, the MSCWMO has requested assistance from the WCD to implement the policies specified in MINN. STAT. §§ 103A.206 and 103D.201; and

WHEREAS, the WCD is authorized to enter agreements to provide such assistance pursuant to MINN. STAT. §§ 103C.331, SUBD. 3 and 7 and 103D.335, subd. 21.

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

C. TERM OF CONTRACT

The term of this agreement shall be from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024 unless extended or terminated earlier as provided herein.

D. SCOPE OF SERVICES

The WCD will perform all services and furnish and deliver work products generally described the attached Exhibits.

E. COST

In full consideration for services under this agreement, the WCD shall charge the MSCWMO for its services at the rate set forth in Section F. Costs for services for activities detailed in the attached Exhibits include:

Exhibit A: Administrative Services - \$34,910.00

Exhibit B: Technical Services - \$60,015

Exhibit C: Water Monitoring Services - \$22,937.00

TOTAL: \$117,862.00

Any additional costs for special studies or capital projects must be set forth in a written amendment to this Agreement.

F. BILLING RATE AND PAYMENTS

1. Services in Exhibit A, B and Task 5 in Exhibit C are billed on an hourly basis at the rate of \$35.00 - \$105.00 per hour, based on personnel and task. Invoices for Exhibits A and B will be sent on a monthly basis and will list specifically the work performed.

AIS Watercraft Inspectors	\$35
Level 1	\$46
Level 2	\$66
Level 3	\$70
Level 4	\$74

Level 5	\$79
Level 6	\$84
Level 7	\$88
Level 8	\$93
Level 9	\$105

Services for BWSR grants will be billed per the BWSR calculator. Tasks 1-4 in Exhibit C are billed on a lump sum basis for services and project expenses. Invoices in Exhibit C will be sent on a quarterly basis

- 2. Project expenses will be billed as they are accrued.
- 3. Invoices are payable by the MSCWMO within 60 days.
- 4. Office supplies, normal office reproduction expenses, and transportation are included in the hourly rate. Other expenses are to be reimbursed at actual cost.

G. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY- CIVIL RIGHTS

During the performance of this Agreement, the WCD agrees to the following:

No person shall, on the grounds of race, color, religion, age, sex, disability, marital status, public assistance, criminal record, creed or national origin, be excluded from full employment rights in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program, service, or activity under the provisions of and all applicable federal and state laws against discrimination including the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

H. STANDARDS

The WCD shall comply with all applicable Federal and State statutes and regulations as well as local ordinances now in effect or hereafter adopted. Failure to meet the requirements of the above may be cause for cancellation of this contract effective the date of receipt of the Notice of Cancellation.

I. DATA PRIVACY

All data collected, created, received, maintained, or disseminated, or used for any purpose in the course of the WCD's performance of the Agreement is governed by the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minnesota 1984, Section 13.01, et seq. Or any other applicable state statutes and state rules adopted to implement the Act, as well as state statutes and federal regulations on data privacy. The WCD agrees to abide by these statutes, rules and regulations and as they may be amended.

J. AUDITS, REPORTS, AND MONITORING PROCEDURES

The WCD will:

- 1. Maintain records that reflect all revenues, cost incurred and services provided in the performance of the Agreement.
- 2. Agree that the County, the State Auditor, or legislative authority, or any of their duly authorized representatives at any time during normal business hours, and as often as they may deem reasonably necessary, shall have access to the rights to examine audit, excerpt, and transcribe any books, documents, papers, records, etc., and accounting procedures and practices of the WCD which are relevant to the contract.

K. INDEMNITY

The WCD and the MSCWMO mutually agree, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to indemnify and hold each other harmless for any and all damages, liability or cost (including reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of defense) arising from their own negligent acts, errors or omissions in the performance of their services under this agreement, to the extent each party is responsible for such damages and losses on a comparative basis of fault. Parties agree to

provide proof of contractual liability insurance upon request. This paragraph does not diminish, with respect to any third party, any defense, immunity or liability limit that the WCD or the MSCWMO may enjoy under law.

L. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

It is agreed that nothing herein contained is intended or should be construed in any manner as creating or establishing the relationship of co-partners between the parties hereto or as constituting the WCD as the agent, representative, or employee of MSCWMO for any purpose or in any manner whatsoever. The WCD is to be and shall remain an independent contractor with respect to all services performed under this Agreement.

The WCD represents that it has, or will secure at its own expense, all personnel required in performing services under this Agreement. Any and all personnel of the WCD or other person, while engaged in the performance of any work or services required by the WCD under this Agreement, shall have no contractual relationship with the MSCWMO and shall not be considered employees of the MSCWMO.

M. MODIFICATIONS

Any material alteration or variation shall be reduced to writing as an amendment and signed by the parties. Any alteration, modification, or variation deemed not to be material by written agreement of the WCD and the MSCWMO shall not require written approval.

N. MERGER

It is understood and agreed that the entire agreement of the parties is contained here, except as modified during the term of the Agreement by a writing under Paragraph M above concerning a non-material change, and that this contract supersedes oral agreements and negotiations between the parties relating to this subject matter. All items referred to in this contract are incorporated or attached and deemed to be part of the contract.

O. TERMINATION

Either the WCD or the MSCWMO may terminate this Agreement with or without cause by giving the other party thirty (30) days written notice prior to the effective date of such termination. If the MSCWMO terminates this Agreement, it may specify work to be performed by the WCD before termination is effective and shall pay the WCD for services performed by the WCD up to the time specified for termination. If the WCD terminates the Agreement, it will not be compensated for part completion of a task except to the extent part completion has value to the MSCMWO.

P. OWNERSHIP OF DOCUMENTS AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

All property of the MSCWMO used, acquired or created in the performance of work under this Agreement, including documents and records of any kind, shall remain the property of the MSCWMO. The MSCWMO shall have the sole right to use, sell, license, publish, or otherwise disseminate any product developed in whole or in part during the performance of work under this Agreement.

2023 SERVICE AGREEMENT BETWEEN

WASHINGTON CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MIDDLE ST. CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF the parties have duly executed this agreement by their duly authorized officers. APPROVED: WCD **MSCWMO** BY: BY: **Board Chair Board Chair** Date Date BY: BY: WCD Manager Secretary Date Date Approval as to form and execution:

Date

EXHIBIT A

2024 MSCWMO ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AGREEMENT

At the request of the MSCWMO the WCD shall furnish the following services under the terms of the AGREEMENT.

TASK 1. Administrative Services

The WCD will provide administrative services to the MSCWMO. A WCD staff member shall serve as the Administrator of the MSCWMO. This staff member will be appointed by the WCD. The Administrator shall act on behalf of the Board of Managers to implement MSCWMO policies and actions. Administrative services will include: agenda and board packet preparation and distribution; receiving and sending official MSCWMO correspondence; submitting official notices for publication; coordination of meetings for the board, committees and other groups as necessary; maintaining the MSCWMO website; maintaining the MSCWMO files (except for projects conducted by the Watershed's Engineer or confidential legal records); directing activities between the MSCWMO, Engineer, Attorney, Recording Secretary, Local and State Units of Government and the public; acting as the primary and first response to inquiries from the public as to programs, projects and written policies or rules and other questions on MSCWMO issues, and other administrative duties as assigned by the MSCWMO Board.

Subtotal for Task 1: \$32,095

TASK 2. Bookkeeping

The WCD will provide bookkeeping services to the MSCWMO. These services include: administration of accounts receivable and accounts payable including check generation, preparation of invoices for disbursement, and monthly bank reconciliation; coordination of annual audit and preparation of items necessary for audit; preparation of monthly reporting to the Board; preparation of budgets; and coordination of cash investment activities. The MSCWMO Board will direct any changes to accounts or investments.

Subtotal for Task 2: \$1,600

TASK 3. Meeting Minutes

The WCD will provide note taking services for all regularly scheduled MSCWMO Board meetings. These services will include a WCD staff member being present at MSCWMO meetings for note taking, and the compilation and presentation of meeting minutes to the board for approval prior to posting as public record.

Subtotal for Task 3: \$1,215

BUDGET FOR 2024 = \$34,910.00

EXHIBIT B

2024 MSCWMO TECHNICAL SERVICES AGREEMENT

At the request of the MSCWMO the WCD shall furnish the following services under the terms of the AGREEMENT.

TASK 1. Review of Development Plans and Erosion Control Monitoring

The WCD will provide review and comment on development plans on behalf of the MSCWMO. Comments and recommendations for erosion and sediment control, grading, drainage, and wetland protection will be made. Follow-up development site inspections will be performed if deemed appropriate and coordinated with the member communities. Plan Review Fees will offset the cost of this program to the greatest extent possible.

Subtotal for Task 1: \$28,415 (\$8,415 budget, \$20,000 fee)

TASK 2. Best Management Practices (BMP) Program Administration

The WCD will act as the primary and first response to inquiries from the public regarding general MSCWMO BMP Program information, program eligibility, and best management practice information. One WCD staff person will be identified as the BMP Program Coordinator. Initial inquiries about general topics and water quality issues, and initial site visits will be responded to as part of the standard WCD programs and not charged under this contact. Specific inquiries regarding MSCWMO cost share, development of site concepts and designs, implementation assistance, receiving and sending official MSCWMO correspondence related to the Program, maintaining the Program files, administering cost-share documents needed as a part of the Program, and follow-up project reviews will be responded to as part of the MSCWMO BMP Program and will be charged as a part of this contract. Overall program coordination, summary reports, and ongoing program evaluation will be provided.

Subtotal for Task 2: \$23,600

TASK 3. Community Outreach and Education

The WCD will use targeted and broad-based outreach techniques to generate interest in and understanding of the MSCWMO. The techniques used will include participation in local fairs, events, and community group meetings as a representative of the MSCWMO. The WCD will provide technical assistance and information to the citizens and communities of the MSCWMO through this program. This task is separate from but coordinated with the East Metro Water Resource Education Program.

Subtotal for Task 3: \$3,000

TASK 4. Establishment Period Maintenance of Grant Funded Projects

The WCD will carry out maintenance and outreach activities during the establishment period of two years for targeted stormwater best management practices designed and installed as part of the cooperative retrofit program.

Subtotal for Task 5: \$5,000

BUDGET FOR 2024 = \$60,015

EXHIBIT C

2024 MSCWMO WATER MONITORING SERVICES AGREEMENT

TASK 1. Lake Monitoring Services

The WCD will monitor McKusick Lake and Lily Lake 14 times per year, April through October. Surface water quality samples are collected and analyzed for total phosphorus, chlorophyll-a, and total Kjeldahl nitrogen. Three chloride samples per year will be collected. Other measurements include Secchi disk transparency, dissolved oxygen and temperature profiles, and lake level. The fee includes labor, lab costs, all equipment, vehicles, canoe, ice, storage, etc. that is required to conduct the monitoring.

TASK 2. Macrophyte Surveys

The WCD will conduct point intercept macrophyte surveys of Lily Lake and McKusick Lake. Species distribution and density will be estimated.

TASK 3. Perro Creek Flow and Water Quality Monitoring

The WCD will install a fully automated monitoring station that collects stage, velocity, and discharge in 15-minute intervals at the Perro Creek outfall to Lake St. Croix. Flow measurements will be collected through the monitoring season, April through October. Monthly base grab samples and storm event composites will be collected to establish water quality and total discharge and loading to Lake St. Croix will be calculated.

TASK 4. Water Monitoring Report

A water monitoring report will be generated that will incorporate current and previous years' data.

Budget for 2024 = \$22,937.00

2024 MSCWMO Water Monitoring Estimate

Lake WQ Monitoring	Туре	Labor	Travel Time/Mileage	Lab	Total	Notes
Lily Lake	LW QE1	\$2,242	\$0	\$580	\$2,822	14x/year with WQ sampling + deep lake for DO + 3 surface chloride samples
McKusick Lake	LWQD1	\$1,315	\$0	\$580	\$1,895	14x/year with WQ sampling + 3 surface chloride samples
Total Lake WQ Monitoring	N/A	\$3,558	\$0	\$1,160	\$4,718	
			T 1T 051			
Macrophyte Survey	Туре	Labor	Travel Time/Mileage			Notes
Lily Lake Macrophyte Survey	BMB	\$2,454		4.	• / -	Point intercept macrophyte survey
McKusick Lake Macrophyte Survey	BMB	\$2,454	\$0	\$0	\$2,454	Point intercept macrophyte survey
Total Macrophyte Survey	N/A	\$4,908	\$0	\$0	\$4,908	
Total Macrophyte Survey	IVA	ψ 1 ,200	40	\$ 0	ф -1, 200	
Lake Gage Monitoring	Туре	Labor	Travel Time/Mileage	Lab	Total	Notes
Brick Pond	LEA1	\$190	\$0	\$0	\$190	Install and/or Survey and/or Remove. Volunteer will read.
Lily Lake	LEA1	\$190	\$0	\$0	\$190	Install and/or Survey and/or Remove. Read during WQ sampling by WCD
McKusick Lake	LEA1	\$190	\$0	\$0	\$190	Install and/or Survey and/or Remove. Read during WQ sampling by WCD
Total Lake Gage Monitoring		\$570	\$0	\$0	\$570	
Perro Pond Targeted Water Quality Monitoring	Туре	Labor	Travel Time/Mileage	Lab	Total	Notes
Perro Diversion Structure & Overflow	III	\$7,400	\$1,332	\$665	\$9,397	Fully automated station
Total Targeted Water Quality Monitoring	N/A	\$7,400	\$1,332	\$665	\$9,397	
Report	Type	Labor	Travel Time/Mileage	Lab	Total	Notes
Water Monitoring Report	NA	\$3,344	\$0	\$0	\$3,344	
2024 Total Monitoring Costs		\$14,872	\$1,332	\$1,825	\$22,937	



TO: Middle St. Croix Board of Managers

FROM: Brett Stolpestad, Landscape Restoration Specialist, Washingon Conservation District

DATE: November 8, 2023

RE: Payment Request - LSC Direct Discharge South PII (CWF Grant C21-1745) -

Lakeland Beach Stabilization

In July 2023, the MSCWMO Board of Managers approved proceeding with contracting and construction of the LSC PII Lakeland Beach Stabilization Project. The construction bid was awarded to U.S. SiteWork for up to \$75,578.20, including change orders process in September, 2023. The project is a public partnership between the MSCWMO and the City of Lakeland. The project utilizes a Clean Water Fund grant and MSCWMO cost share dollars, and provides a pollutant load reduction to Lake St. Croix of approximately 7.62 /TP year.

BMP installation was certified as substantially complete by the Washington Conservation District as of November 1st, 2023. Total project costs reflected in PA-231675-001 U.S. SiteWork Application and Certification for Payment include all project change orders for additional tree and sign removal work. WCD staff verified that all other items were constructed according to plan with minor field modification and that the shoreline stabilization is substantially and functionally complete. U.S. SiteWork (the contractor), is requesting payment of \$75,578.20 for the completed project. WCD staff recommend payment of the full amount requested.

Funding Update:

FY21 CWF LSCD South Phase II – \$33,000

City of Lakeland – \$30,000

MSCWMO Cost Share – \$12,578.20

Requested Board Action: Motion by Board Member 1, seconded by Board Member 2, to approve the FINAL PAYMENT of \$75,578.20 to U.S. SiteWork for completion of the LSC Direct Discharge South PII – Lakeland Beach Stabilization project.

DISTRICT TECHNICAL REPRESENTATIVE

Signed Date: 11/7/2023

APPLICATION AND CERTIFICA	TION FOR PAYN	MENT	AIA DOCUMEN	T G702		PAGE 1 OF 2 PAGES
TO OWNER: Middle St. Croix Water		PROJECT: Lake	land Beach Stabilization	APPLICATION NO:	001	Distribution to:
455 Hayward Av Oakdale, MN 55				PERIOD TO:	October 31, 2023	X OWNER ARCHITECT CONTRACTOR
FROM CONTRACTOR: U.S. SiteWork, Ir 11040 183rd Circ Elk River, MN 55	ele NW, Suite B	VIA ARCHITECT:		CONTRACT DATE:	July 21, 2023	FIELD OTHER
				USSW Job #:	231675	
CONTRACTOR'S APPLICATION Application is made for payment, as shown below, in con AIA Document G703, Continuation Sheet, is attached. ORIGINAL CONTRACT SUM NET CHANGE BY CHANGE ORDERS CONTRACT SUM TO DATE (Line 1 + 2) TOTAL COMPLETED & STORED TO DATE RETAINAGE: a. of Completed Work (Columns K + L on G703) b. 0% of Stored Material (Column M on G703) Total Retainage (Lines 5a + 5b, or Total in Column Q	(Column N on G703)	\$ 73,739.20 \$ 1,839.00 \$ 75,578.20 \$ 75,578.20	belief the Work covered Contract Documents, the Certificates for Payme shown herein is now documents. The Contractor: By: State of: MINNESOTA County of: SHERBURN	d by this Application for F hat all amounts have been in were issued and paymer ue. E before me this 31st da	Payment has been compl paid by the Contractor f nts received from the Ov	Date: 10/31/23 JESSICA L. WEST Notary Public State of Minnesota My Commission Expires January 31, 2026
(Line 4 less Line 5 Total) 7. LESS PREVIOUS CERTIFICATES FOR PAYMI (Line 6 from prior Certificate)	_		In accordance with the application, the Archite	ect certifies to the Owner t	ed on on-site observation that to the best of the A	ns and the data comprising the rehitect's knowledge,
B. CURRENT PAYMENT DUE		\$ 75,578.20				of the Work is in accordance of the AMOUNT CERTIFIED.
(Line 3 less Line 6)					i is chimica to payment	2 10 11110 0111 021111 122
\$			AMOUNT CERTIFIE		om the amount applied	
CHANGE ORDER SUMMARY	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	Continuation Sheet the	at are changed to conform		
Total changes approved in previous months by Owner	\$ 3,945.00 \$	2,106.00	ARCHITECT:			Date:
Total changes approved this month			By:			Date:
TOTAL NET CHANGES by Change Order	\$ 3,945.00 \$	\$ 2,106.00 1,839.00				le only to the Contractor named herin. ny rights of the Owner or Contractor
1.21 CILLIGED by Change Order	7	1,057.00	issuance, payment and	acceptance of payment are	projudice to di	.,

under this Contract.

CONTINUATION SHEET AIA DOCUMENT G703 PAGE 2 OF 2 PAGES

AIA Document G702, Application and Certification for Payment,

containing Contractor's signed certification is attached.

In tabulations below, amounts are stated to the nearest dollar.

Use Column I on Contracts where variable retainage for line items may apply.

APPLICATION NO: 001
APPLICATION DATE: 10/31/2023

ATION DATE: 10/31/2023 PERIOD TO: 10/31/2023

ARCHITECT'S PROJECT NO:

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0	Р	Q
	tem	Est.	Prev.	Qty.	Qty.	Unit	DESCRIPTION OF WORK	Unit Price	Total Price	COMP PREVIOUS	LETED THIS PERIOD	MATERIALS	TOTAL COMPLETED	%	BALANCE TO FINISH	RETAINAGE (IF
No.	No.	Qty.	Qty	this Period	to Date			Price	Price	APPLICATION	THIS PERIOD	PRESENTLY STORED	AND STORED	(N/J)	(C - G)	(IF VARIABLE
				. cou	Dute					(D * I)	(E * I)	(NOT IN	TO DATE		(6 0)	RATE)
							Base Contract					D OR E)	(K+L+M)			
	1	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00		MOBILIZATION	2,205.00	\$2,205.00	-	\$2,205.00		\$2,205.00	-	\$0.00	\$0.0
	2	85.00	0.00	85.00	85	CY	EXCAVATION - COMMON	16.00	\$1,360.00	\$0.00	\$1,360.00		\$1,360.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	3	85.00	0.00	85.00	85	CY	COMMON EMBANKMENT	16.00	\$1,360.00	\$0.00	\$1,360.00		\$1,360.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	4	1.00	0.00	1.00	1	LS	CLEARING & GRUBBING	1,220.00	\$1,220.00	\$0.00	\$1,220.00		\$1,220.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	5	300.00	0.00	300.00	300	SY	GEOTEXTILE FABRIC TYPE 4	4.90	\$1,470.00	\$0.00	\$1,470.00		\$1,470.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	6	1.00	0.00	1.00	1	LS	CONSTRUCT STAIRWAY	12,210.00	\$12,210.00	\$0.00	\$12,210.00		\$12,210.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	7	320.00	0.00	320.00	320	SY	ROLLED EROSION PREVENTION CATEGORY 20	4.50	\$1,440.00	\$0.00	\$1,440.00		\$1,440.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	8	320.00	0.00	320.00	320	LF	SILT FENCE, TYPE HI	4.90	\$1,568.00	\$0.00	\$1,568.00		\$1,568.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	9	210.00	0.00	210.00	210	CY	ROOT RAP	162.00	\$34,020.00	\$0.00	\$34,020.00		\$34,020.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
9	9b	-13.00	0.00	-13.00	-13	CY	ROOT RAP	162.00	-\$2,106.00	\$0.00	-\$2,106.00		-\$2,106.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
:	10	17.00	0.00	17.00	17	TN	LIMESTONE RANDOM OUTCROPPING	721.00	\$12,257.00	\$0.00	\$12,257.00		\$12,257.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
1	10b	1.00	0.00	1.00	1	TN	LIMESTONE RANDOM OUTCROPPING	721.00	\$721.00	\$0.00	\$721.00		\$721.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	11	1.25	0.00	1.25	1.25	TN	1-2" CRUSHED LIMESTONE VOID FILL	611.00	\$763.75	\$0.00	\$763.75		\$763.75	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	12	15.00	0.00	15.00	15	CY	AGGREGATE BASE CLASS 5	52.00	\$780.00	\$0.00	\$780.00		\$780.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
1	12b	19.00	0.00	19.00	19	CY	AGGREGATE BASE CLASS 5	52.00	\$988.00	\$0.00	\$988.00		\$988.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	13	12.00	0.00	12.00	12	EΑ	DECIDUOUS SHRUB NO 1 CONT	58.00	\$696.00	\$0.00	\$696.00		\$696.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
:	14	180.00	0.00	180.00	180	PLT	PERENNIAL PLUGS	10.00	\$1,800.00	\$0.00	\$1,800.00		\$1,800.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
:	15	0.07	0.00	0.07	0.07	AC	SEEDING	2,185.00	\$152.95	\$0.00	\$152.95		\$152.95	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	16	1.50	0.00	1.50	1.50	LB	SEED MIXTURE 34-161 (OR APPROVED EQ)	291.00	\$436.50	\$0.00	\$436.50		\$436.50	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
	17	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00		CO 001 - Additional Clearing, Salvage 1 Sign, and Remove 2 Posts	\$2,236.00	\$2,236.00	\$0.00	\$2,236.00		\$2,236.00	100%	\$0.00	\$0.0
			0.00	0.00	0.00				\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		\$0.00	-	\$0.00	\$0.0
							GRAND TOTALS		\$75,578.20	\$0.00	\$75,578.20	\$0.00	\$75,578.20	100%	\$0.00	\$0.00

RESOLUTION OF THE MIDDLE SAINT CROIX WATERSHED MANAGEMENT ORGAIZATION

ADOPTION OF THE WASHINGTON COUNTY ALL-HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

WHEREAS, the Middle St. Croix WMO has participated in the hazard mitigation planning process as established under the Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000, and

WHEREAS, the Act establishes a framework for the development of a multijurisdictional County Hazard Mitigation Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Act as part of the planning process requires public involvement and local coordination among neighboring local units of government and businesses; and

WHEREAS, the Washington County Plan includes a risk assessment including past hazards, hazards that threaten the County, an estimate of structures at risk, a general description of land uses and development trends; and

WHEREAS, the Washington County Plan includes a mitigation strategy including goals and objectives and an action plan identifying specific mitigation projects and costs; and

WHEREAS, the Washington County Plan includes a maintenance or implementation process including plan updates, integration of the plan into other planning documents and how Washington County will maintain public participation and coordination; and

WHEREAS, the Plan has been shared with the Minnesota Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management and the Federal Emergency Management Agency for review and comment; and

WHEREAS, the Washington County All-Hazard Mitigation Plan will make the county and participating jurisdictions eligible to receive FEMA hazard mitigation assistance grants; and

WHEREAS, this is a multi-jurisdictional Plan and cities that participated in the planning process may choose to also adopt the County Plan.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Middle St. Croix WMO supports the hazard mitigation planning effort and wishes to adopt the Washington County All-Hazard Mitigation Plan.

This Resolution	n was declared duly passed and	d adopted and w	as signed by the	
	and attested to by the	this	day of	
2023.	<u> </u>			
Attest:				

455 Hayward Avenue, Oakdale, MN 55128 Phone 651.330.8220 x22 fax 651.330.7747 www.mscwmo.org

MSCWMO REVIEW FEES

The amount of the review fee is reviewed and revised by the MSCWMO Board of Managers on an annual basis or otherwise as warranted. An application is not deemed complete until the required fee has been submitted. Any costs incurred by the MSCWMO greater than the permit fee will be billed to the applicant. Projects not meeting applicable performance standards will require submittal of a new application and fee for re-review.

SINGLE LOT RESIDENCE REVIEW FEE: \$350

ALL OTHER DEVELOPMENT REVIEWS BY FEE SCALE

Total review fee = new or reconstructed impervious surface fee + land disturbance fee.

Less than one acre of new or reconstructed impo	ervious \$400
1-5 acres of new or reconstructed impervious	\$600
5-20 acres of new or reconstructed impervious	\$1,500
20 acres or more of new or reconstructed imper	vious \$3,000
Standard 5.2 Erosion and Sediment Control	
10,000 sqft-1 acre of land disturbance	\$350
1 acre-5 acres of land disturbance	\$500
5 acres-20 acres of land disturbance	\$750
20 acres or more of land disturbance	\$1,500

Government entities are exempt from review fees

Projects not meeting applicable performance standards will require submittal of a new application and fee for re-review.



MFMORANDUM

TO: Middle St. Croix Board of Managers

FROM: Brett Stolpestad, Landscape Restoration Specialist, Washingon Conservation District

DATE: November 28, 2023

RE: Request for Reimbursement – Kalambokidis Buffer Enhancement

On March 9th the MSCWMO board approved cost share encumbrance of up to \$500 for the Kalambokidis Buffer Enhancement project at 1404 Meadowlark Dr, Stillwater, MN 55082 on Lake McKusick. The landowner has submitted receipts for work performed in October of 2023 (installation of native perennials), totaling \$427.73 in material costs. Brett Stolpestad and Minnesota Conservation Corps assisted with site preparation and potted plant installation.

Project Estimate: \$3,281.25 (labor included) **Actual Expenditure:** \$427.73 (materials) **Cost Share Encumbered:** \$500.00

Requested Board Action: Motion by Board Member 1, seconded by Board Member 2, to approve reimbursement of \$427.73 cost share for the installation of the Kalambokidis Buffer Enhancement.

Location & Photos:

Kalambokidis_1404 Meadowlark Dr., Stillwater, MN 55082



Euri, NASA, NGA, USGS, FERM, Metopolitar Council, Metogis, Euri, HERE, Garmin SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc. METUNASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, US Centus Nursus, USGS. Figure 1. Reed Canary grass removed upslope of water willow (pictured). Reed canary grass replaced with native perennials (see receipt).

Est. NASA NGA USGS. FEIXA (Metagoitan Council, Metagoit, Est. HERE, Gamin, SafeGraph, Geoffennoogies, Inc. NET/NASA USGS. EPA NPS. US Census Bureau, USDA)



MFMORANDUM

TO: Matt Downing, Administrator

FROM: Rebecca Nestingen, PE
DATE: December 11, 2023

RE: 8a) Plan Reviews/Submittals

The following is a summary of recent activity on projects submittals which qualify for plan review under the MSCWMO 2015 Watershed Management Plan (WMP):

- Cates Fine Homes Office. A partial application for construction of an office building was received on June 23rd. Additional submittal materials and the review fee has been received, however, the initial staff review revealed that the site was located in a high vulnerability drinking water source management area (DWSMA) and public water supply well emergency response area (ERA) where the proposed infiltration practices are not appropriate and prohibited. MSCWMO staff has requested that applicant revise and resubmit and are awaiting submittal of materials.
- Greeley Street Retail. An application for project review for a proposed carwash facility at 14130 60th St N in Stillwater was received May 24th, 2023. Shortly after the initial staff review and request of additional submittal items the ownership of the property changed hands and the project was put on hold. The new owner has since re-engaged with the design consultant to resume the process for project review and additional submittal items have been received however the review fee has not yet been received and MSCWMO staff are awaiting receipt of the review fee before initiating further review.
- Quinn Barn Remodel. An application for project review was received on September 9th for an
 "after-the-fact" project consisting of 2975 sf of new/reconstructed concrete surfacing around an
 existing barn structure at 2269 River Rd S in St. Mary's Point. The proposed solution to meet the
 MSCWMO performance goals would be to expand the rain garden capacity to a minimum of 273
 cf and direct at least 2975 square feet of impervious surface to the rain garden by treating the
 existing roof runoff to offset the unmitigated impervious surfaces that discharge offsite.
 MSCWMO staff are awaiting revised materials showing this proposed revision.
- Ruff Detached Garage. An application for project review for a detached garage at 1411 Old Toll Bridge Rd in Lakeland was received November 7th, 2023. The materials received were incomplete and the applicant has been notified that further materials are needed to complete the project review. MSCMWO staff are awaiting receipt of materials for a complete application.

455 HAYWARD AVENUE, OAKDALE, MINNESTOA 55082 Phone 651.796.2227 fax 651.330.7747 www.mscwmo.org

Staff Report- October/November 2023

Administration

- Prepared December meeting materials
- Coordination of Grant and Permit Program
- Participated in Lower St. Croix Partnership meetings
- Participated in County Groundwater Update meetings
- Coordination with Partners for Review and Planning
- Participated in Met Council Water Supply Meetings

Project Reviews

- Cates Fine Homes Office –INFORM
- Greeley Street Retail –INFORM
- 2269 River Road/Quinn Barn Project –INFORM
- Ruff Garage Project –INFORM

Lake St. Croix Small Communities Phosphorus Reduction Grant – PHASE II

Description: \$158,000 grant for stormwater quality improvement south of Bayport (2021-2023). Implement practices in the LSCD South SWA area to achieve a load reduction of up to 7lbs of TP/yr.

Activities This Month: Lake St. Croix Beach has been reimbursed for the bluff toe project. U.S. SiteWork has completed construction of the Lakeland Beach restoration/stabilization project, which utilizes the remaining funds under LSC Direct Phase II. The project has been closed out and final grant reporting is underway.

Staff: Brett Stolpestad - WCD; Matt Downing - MSCWMO

Water Monitoring Program

Description: The MSCWMO water monitoring program includes the monitoring of flow at three sites. These sites have that equipment serves to collect data on the total volume of water flowing into Lily Lake at the Greeley Street Inlet, through Perro Creek at the Diversion Structure, as well as, the Perro Creek Diversion Structure Overflow. Water quality is also collected at the Greeley Street Inlet and the Perro Creek Diversion Structure on a monthly basis, as well as during storm events.

Additionally, the MSCWMO monitors two lakes, Lily and McKusick for several parameters from April-October. Data is collected on both lakes on a biweekly basis and includes: water level, clarity, pH, temperature and dissolved oxygen profiles, an aesthetics and user profile, and field conditions. Additionally, water quality samples are collected from the surface of the lakes and analyzed for total phosphorus, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, and chlorophyll.

Activities This Month: Two storm sample and three base flow samples were collected at Greeley Street. Six storm samples and five base flow samples were collected at Perro Creek Diversion Structure. Lake monitoring is complete with thirteen samples collected

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on Lily and McKusick. All MSCWMO monitoring equipment has been brought in and stored for the winter season. Equipment maintenance, testing, repair, and cleaning will follow.

Staff: Rebecca Oldenburg, WCD

Erosion and Sediment Control Inspections

Description: The MSCWMO has contracted with the WCD to conduct erosion and sediment control inspections for construction projects that have been reviewed and recommended for permit approval by partner communities. The WCD also maintains an ArcGIS Online based database for project plan review tracking, erosion control inspection, and BMP implementation and maintenance activities.

Activities This Month: None. Staff: Aaron DeRusha, WCD

BMP Maintenance

Description: The MSCWMO has a maintenance obligation for its Capital Improvement Projects and projects funded by Clean Water Fund grants. The MSCWMO partners with the Washington Conservation District to fulfill this maintenance requirement.

Activities this month: Done for the season, will resume in the spring.

Staff: Cameron Blake, WCD

Small Scale Habitat & Water Quality Enhancement Projects

Description: The WCD received Conservation Corps crew time on behalf of the WMO under FY23 Clean Water Funding to continue small-scale habitat and water quality enhancement projects in throughout the District. Identified projects included a vegetative buffer enhancement along Perro Creek in Bayport, support for a 215-foot buffer expansion between Riviera Avenue S and the St. Croix River in Lake St. Croix Beach under the WCD FY23 Habitat Enhancement Landscape Pilot (HELP) Grant, and continued support for private shoreline enhancement.

Activities This Month: WCD staff are now finalizing the stabilization and restoration plan for a 215-foot buffer enhancement between Riviera Avenue S and the St. Croix River in Lake St. Croix Beach. Work will continue into 2024 with funding from the WCD FY23 Habitat Enhancement Landscape Pilot (HELP) Grant. The site will be burned, seeded, and planted in spring 2024. WCD staff are also working on a proposal in for bank stabilization and enhancement of Perro Creek between 2nd St N and St. Croix Trl N (300 linear feet), adjacent to Perro Creek Park.

Staff: Brett Stolpestad – WCD

Meetings

- Star Tribune Interview (Lily Lake) October 17th
- Channel 5 News Interview (Lily Lake) October 18th
- Lakeland Beach October 25th
- LSC Steering Team October 25th

Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization Member Communities
Afton, Bayport, Baytown, Lakeland, Lakeland Shores, Lake St. Croix Beach, Oak Park Heights, St. Mary's Point, Stillwater, & West Lakeland

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- East Metro Water Supply Plan October 30th
- 2023 Inspections Follow up November 2nd
- Washington County Budget November 7th
- Sustainable Stillwater Coordination November 7th
- St. Croix Valley WWTP Pre-app November 20th
- 850 Quixote Pre-app November 29th
- 16 Point Road Pre-app November 29th
- East Metro Water Supply Plan December 11th



Lower St. Croix Watershed Partners 2024 Annual Work Plan

The Lower St. Croix River Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan adopted in October 2020 includes implementation activities for the 10-year life of the plan in Table 5-1. The 2024 work plan presented here is derived directly from Table 5-1 including estimated outputs (i.e., results) and estimated expenses. Many activities are eligible for Watershed Based Implementation Funds (WBIF) through the use of applicable policies (see attachments). Other activities will use local funds or other grants as allocated and approved by local partners.

The table is broken into four major implementation areas. A summary of each is shown below.

Additional attachments are included for a complete set of existing calendars, policies, and the joint powers agreement:

Attachment A: 2024 work plan from Table 5-1 of LSC Comprehensive Plan

Attachment B: 2024 LSC Project Process Calendar

Attachment C: WBIF Proposed Project Evaluation and Approval Process for the Lower St. Croix

Watershed Partnership

Attachment D: Non-Structural Agricultural BMP Policy

Attachment E: Non-Structural Urban BMP Policy

Attachment F: Tree Canopy Assessment Protocol for Enhanced Street Sweeping Prioritization

Attachment G: Lower St. Croix Fast Track Project Policy

Attachment H: Joint Powers Agreement

2024 Work Plan Summary

Part	A. Implementation Actions for Agricultural Lands
Estimated Expenses	\$1,233,900*
Activities	Shared Services: Agronomy Outreach Specialist
	Structural agricultural BMPs
	Non-structural agricultural BMPs
	Conservation planning and technical assistance
	Ditch management
2024 Estimated Outputs	200 acres with non-structural BMPs that improve soil health and/or
	reduce nitrogen and pesticide pollution to groundwater
	412 lbs total phosphorus reduction through structural BMPs in priority
	areas
	5 irrigation systems with smart technology installed
	10 - 20 Upgraded SSTS in sensitive areas and shoreland

Part B. I	mplementation for Developed and Developing Lands
Estimated Expenses	\$1,195,800*
Activities	Shared Services: Educator Structural urban BMPs Non-structural urban BMPs Project reviews and technical assistance on stormwater management
	and urban BMPs Interagency coordination Land acquisition and management
2024 Estimated Outputs	2 developments retrofitted with infiltration, recharge or reuse projects 20 lbs total phosphorus reduction through structural BMPs in priority areas
	15% of all cities with staff certified in Smart Salting Training 10 irrigation systems with smart technology installed 10 - 20 upgraded SSTS in sensitive areas and shoreland
	10 shoreline restoration projects 1 LGU with new wetland protections 1 easement or acquisition in priority lakeshed
F	1 landlocked basin analyzed Part C. Implementation for Ecosystem Services
Estimated Expenses	\$1,668,500*
Activities	Wetland restoration Culvert Inventory Ag/Urban non-structural BMPs AIS Prevention and management Land and shoreland protection and management Technical assistance
2024 Estimated Outputs	1 stream restoration project 100 acres restored wetlands 2.5% increase in watercraft inspections for AIS 2 new boat launches with AIS signage 5 phragmites infestations removed 1 LGU with new shoreland protections
	2 new landscape designs for climate resiliency 100 acres protected through easement or acquisition 100 acres managed with new Landscape Steward Plan

Part	D. Implementation for Prioritization and Analysis
Estimated Expenses	\$743,225*
Activities	Targeting analyses
	Technical assistance
	Monitoring lakes, streams, wetlands, ditches, groundwater
	Internal lake analyses
	Gully and erosion inventories
	Mapping
	Chisago Chain of Lakes channel and weir operation/maintenance
2024 Estimated Outputs	3 subwatershed analyses for priority lakes
	3 subwatershed analyses for priority streams
	1 lake analyzed for internal loading
	Implementation of robust water monitoring programs by all partners

^{*}Sources of funding include WBIF, local partner funds, other grants, etc.

Attachment A

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#	Activity	Priority Location	Measurable Output	Implementation Actions	2024 Estimated Outputs	2024 Estimated Cost	Activity Categories
Part	Part A. Implementation Actions for Agricultural Lands Shared Services: Agronomy Outreach Specialist	ıltural Lands Specialist				\$125,000	A5 Ag Outreach
	Cost Share for Agricultural BMPs (structural and non-structural)	ictural and non-structural)				\$470,000	A1 + A3 Structural and Non- structural Ag BMPs
	Conservation planning and technical assistance	assistance				\$273,900	A7 Technical/Engineering
1	GW Quality (Table 3-1 GW1A, 2B)	Basin Wide Priority - Agricultural lands where: 1) DWSMA vulnerability is moderate, high, or very high; or 2) Pollution sensitivity to wells is high or very high; or 3) Pollution sensitivity to near surface materials is karst or high; or 4) Well testing show ≥ 5 mg/L	Install BMPs on 2,200 acres that improve soil health and/or reduce nitrogen and pesticide pollution to groundwater		200 ac		A3 Ag Non-structural BMPs
2	NVQ (Table 3-1 R&S 1A; STC 1B, C)	Regionally Significant Rivers and Streams: - All streams and tributaries in Sunrise River Watershed (whole watershed regardless of direct drainage) - Direct drainage areas to St. Croix River through Rock, Rush, Goose, Lawrence, and Browns Creeks and Trout Brook and other small streams shown in Figure 5-2 See Table 5-2 for streams and total phosphorus reduction goals; see	Reduce total phosphorus by 3,300 lbs/year (install approximately 220 BMPs @ estimated 15 lbs/BMP) and reduce TSS, bacteria, and nitrogen as secondary benefit		300 lbs TP (approx. 20 BMPs)		A1 Ag Structural BMPs
e .	Lake WQ from ag (Table 3-1 LK1A, 2A)	Regionally Significant Lakes for Agricultural BMPs See <u>Table 5-3</u> for lakes and total phosphorus reduction goals; see Figure 5-3 for map	Install conservation BMPs, near sensitive lakes or in direct lake catchments to reduce TP by 1,275 lbs (estimated 15 lbs/BMP) and to reduce TSS, bacteria, and nitrogen as		112.5 lbs TP (approx. 200 ac)		A1 Ag Structural BMPs
4	GW Quantity (Table 3-1 GW2A)	All agricultural irrigators; highest priority given to highest consumers [For context: Active water use permits from MPARS database 2018: 100 agricultural irrigators; 157 Water Supply Wells; 37 Non-crop irrigators. Total = 294. 100 of those used > 1MG in 2018.]	Install or retrofit smart technology on 40 irrigation systems		5 systems	\$72,500	A3 Non-structural Ag BMPs

#	Activity	Priority Location	Measurable Output	Implementation Actions	2024 Estimated Outputs	2024 Estimated Cost	Activity Categories
2	River & Stream Flows (Table 3-1 R&S Basin wide 3A)	Basin wide	Identify and map 100% of private ditches as part of developing Conservation Plans				A7 Technical/Engineering
	Develop and implement plan for management and maintenance of ditch system including a system and protocol for establishing BIMPs within easement right of ways of existing public ditches.	agement and maintenance of ditch iMPs within easement right of ways	s of existing public			\$5,000	A14 Ditch Management
	Provide training for local staff on topics related to drainage management, wetland management, and related areas	cs related to drainage management	, wetland			\$500	A6 + A5 Shared Services Education and Ag outreach
9	Drainage impacts on wetlands (Table 3-1 WTL 1B)	All public and private ditches	Review 100% of drainage projects for possible impacts to wetland quality			\$17,000	A14 Ditch Management
7	Orainage impact on rivers & streams Judicial and public ditches (Table 3-1 R&S 1C)	Judicial and public ditches	Maintain or improve downstream water quality following ditch maintenance				A14 Ditch Management
∞	GW quality from contaminants (Table 3-1 GW1B)	Priority areas: Where pollution sensitivity to near surface materials is high, or in karst areas, or where bedrock is at or near the surface; see Figure 1-3 for map Secondary priority: Basin wide	Upgrade 100 non-conforming or non-compliant SSTS to properly functioning, compliant systems. [For context: Estimated 4,202 SSTS basin wide failing to protect GW. Source: SSTS Annual Report 2018 (MPCA, Aug 2019) Number of SSTS per county **		10 systems	\$270,000	A3 Ag Non-structural BMPs
o	3.1	Basin wide: Shorelands adjacent to nutrient impaired lakes Chisago Co: Countywide	Basin wide: Decrease non-compliant and non-conforming SSTS in shorelands adjacent to nutrient impaired lakes Chisago Co: Decrease non-compliant and non-conforming SSTS in all areas by 50% and in shorelands adjacent to nutrient impaired lakes by 80% [For compliant SSTS basin wide. Source: SSTS Annual Report 2018 (MPCA, Aug 2019): Number of SSTS per county, * % of county in LSC *		10 systems		A3 Ag Non-structural BMPs
91	10 GW quality from contaminants (Table 3-1 GW1B)	Basin wide	Properly seal or floodproof 100% of known or discovered abandoned wells or wells at risk of flooding				A3 Non-structural Ag BMPs

Activity	ă	Priority Location	Measurable Output	Implementation Actions	2024 Estimated Outputs	2024 Estimated Cost	Activity Categories
4L: Part A. Implemen	SUBTOTAL: Part A. Implementation Actions for Agricultural Lands	ultural Lands				\$1,233,900	
nplementation for Do	Part B. Implementation for Developed and Developing Lands	ig Lands					
ed Services: Educator elopers, and others; 2 iials; and promote and	Shared Services: Educator 1) Provide outreach, education a developers, and others; 2) Facilitate shared education and officials; and promote and market programs and practices.	Shared Services: Educator 1) Provide outreach, education and ordinance deve developers, and others; 2) Facilitate shared education and outreach program officials; and promote and market programs and practices.	evelopment on Minimal Impact Desi am across basin to provide education	Shared Services: Educator 1) Provide outreach, education and ordinance development on Minimal Impact Design Standards with local governments, developers, and others; 2) Facilitate shared education and outreach program across basin to provide education; engage residents, businesses, and local officials; and promote and market programs and practices.		\$110,000	A6 Shared Educator
: Share for Urban BMI	Cost Share for Urban BMPs (structural and non-structural)	tructural)				\$300,000	A2 + A3 Urban Structural and Non-structural BMPs
ride project reviews a atives including evalu	nd technical assistance ating small storm volum	Provide project reviews and technical assistance on stormwater management and urban best mana initiatives including evaluating small storm volume control and large storm rate control ordinances.	Provide project reviews and technical assistance on stormwater management and urban best management practices through local staff and local initiatives including evaluating small storm volume control and large storm rate control ordinances.	ctices through local staff and local		\$250,800	A7 Technical/Engineering
GW recharge & infiltration (Table 3-1 GW 2B) + Lake & stream WQ (Table 3-1 LK1B, R&S		Basin wide [Estimated 40 communities in basin without MIDS or similar standards]	Basin wide [Estimated 40 communities in basin Standards or more restrictive in 20 without MIDS or similar standards] communities; including climate resiliency provisions or standards		0	0\$	A6 Shared Services Education
12 GW recharge & stream flow (Table 3-1 GW 2B, R&S 3A)		In critical groundwater recharge areas as identified in existing or future maps or studies	Retrofit 20 existing developments with infiltration, recharge and reuse projects		2 projects		A2 Structural Urban BMPs
St. Croix River flows (Table 3-1 STC 3A)		le St. Croix	Evaluate and update small storm volume control and large storm rate control ordinances in 4				A15 Interagency Coordination
14 St. Croix River + Rivers & streams WQ (Table 3-1 STC 1B; R&S 1A)		Regionally Significant Rivers and Streams: - All streams and tributaries in Sunrise River Watershed (whole watershed regardless of direct drainage) - Direct drainage areas to St. Croix River through Rock, Rush, Goose, Lawrence, and Browns Creeks and Trout Brook and other small streams shown in Figure 5-2 See Table 5-2 for streams and total phosphorus reduction goals; See Figure 5-2	Reduce TP by 100 lbs. (approximately 100 BMPs) and reduce TSS, bacteria, and nitrogen as secondary benefit [Assume 1 lb/BMP; typical reduction for raingarden or similar BMP]		10 lbs. TP (approx. 10 BMPs)		A2 Structural Urban BMPs
15 Lake WQ (Table 3-1 LK 1B)		Lakes for <u>le 5-3</u> for lakes s reduction	Reduce TP by 100 lbs. (approximately 100 BMPs) and reduce TSs, bacteria, and nitrogen as secondary benefit [Assume 1 lb/BMP; typical reduction for raingarden or similar BMP]		10 lbs. TP (approx. 10 BMPs)		A2 Structural Urban BMPs
16 St. Croix River chlorides (Table 3-1 STC 1D)	able 3-1 Basin wide		75% of all cities have staff certified in MPCA's Level 1 and Level 2 Smart Salting Training		Total of 15% of cities		A15 Interagency Coordination
17 GW quantity (Table 3-1 GW 2A)		All irrigators, highest priority given to highest consumers and communities with highest	Install or retrofit smart technology on 40 irrigation systems		10 systems	\$145,000	A2 Structural Urban BMPs

#	Activity	Priority Location	Measurable Output	Implementation Actions	2024 Estimated Outputs	2024 Estimated Cost	Activity Categories
18	GW contaminants (Table 3-1 GW 1B)	Basin wide - all currently unlicensed License 100% of hazardous waste facilities and generators	License 100% of hazardous waste generators				A15 Interagency Coordination
19	19 GW contaminants (Table 3-1 GW 1B)	Priority areas: Where pollution sensitivity to near surface materials is high, or in karst areas, or where bedrock is at or near the surface Secondary priority: Basin wide	Upgrade non-conforming or non-compliant SSTS to properly functioning, compliant systems. [See Line 8 of this table for context.]				A3 Urban Non-Structural BMPs
20	20 Lake impacts from SSTS (Table 3-1 LK 1C)	Basin wide: Shorelands adjacent to nutrient impaired lakes Chisago Co: Countywide	Basin wide: Decrease non-compliant and non- conforming SSTS in shorelands adjacent to nutrient impaired lakes Chisago Co: Decrease non-compliant and non- conforming SSTS in all areas by 50% and in shorelands adjacent to				A3 Urban Non-Structural BMPs
21	11 Lake shorelines (Table 3-1 LK 2B & UP 2A)	Regionally Significant Lakes for Protection and Sustainable Development: <u>Table 5-3</u> and Figure 5-3	Install 100 shoreline restoration projects [100% of lakeshore owners with altered shorelines are provided information on restoration		10 projects	\$40,000	A2 Structural Urban BMPs
22	22 Protect wetlands (Table 3-1 WTL 1A)	Basin wide during land use change or alteration, development or redevelopment	Increase by 5 the number of LGUs with adopted wetland protections including buffer requirements and setbacks for permanent structures		1 LGU		A15 Interagency Coordination
23	23 Maintain & restore habitat (Table 3-1 UP 1F)	Land with priority habitats and corridor connections	10% of land in new developments is dedicated to wildlife habitat [significant new areas of land conversion from vacant or rural land to residential, commercial/industrial, institutional, or transportation]	u, c	5% of land in new development		A12 Land Acquisition & Management
24	Sensitive lake protection (Table 3-1 LK 2A)	Regionally Significant Lakes for Protection and Sustainable Development: Table 5-3 and Figure 5-3	Implement sustainable development and land preservation programs in lakesheds of priority lakes through 10 easements or		1 easement or acquistion		A3 Urban Non-Structural BMPs
25	25 Landlocked basin impact on River (Table 3-1 STC 1B, 3A, 4C)	Eutrophic natural landlocked basins Perform analysis and implement to be discharged to St. Croix River measures to meet state standarc for nutrients on 3 waterbodies	Perform analysis and implement measures to meet state standards for nutrients on 3 waterbodies		1 basin	\$350,000	A7 Technical/Engineering
	SUBTOTAL: Part B. Implementation for Developed and Developing Lands Part C. Implementation for Ecosystem Services	eveloped and Developing Lands vices				\$1,195,800	
	Perform culvert inventory: redesign and restore as road projects are completed to Geomorphic Approach to infrastructure Design at Road-Watercourse Intersections	nd restore as road projects are comp re Design at Road-Watercourse Inte	pleted to help manage to natural hydr rsections	Perform culvert inventory: redesign and restore as road projects are completed to help manage to natural hydrologic conditions through use of MnDNR Geomorphic Approach to infrastructure Design at Road-Watercourse Intersections		\$100,000	A7 Technical/Engineering

Priority Location Croix River and Lake St.
St. Crox Kiver and Lake St. Croix direct drainage tributaries
Trout streams (Brown's Creek, Trout populations maintained Valley Creek, Lawrence Creek, Trout through stream restorations, BMP Brook, Willow Brooke, Mill Stream, installations, and enforcement of Falls Creek, Gilbertsons's Creek) development standards
1. In highest priority catchments (red, yellow and green areas) within BWSR's Compensation Planning Framework priority catchments in the Lower St. Croix River Watershed (Figure 5-5) 2. In locations where studies or mapping tools find that restoration will have significant positive impact on natural
Audicial and public ditches resulting from ditch maintenance activities Basin wide Create and maintain 2 new BWSR and USACE approved wetland
High traffic boat launches on St. Increase watercraft inspection Croix River and Lake St. Croix
oat
Install AIS informational signage at 20 boat launches and marinas
Lakes in Chisago Co. and Isanti Co. Develop 1 comprehensive AIS rapid with public access response plan for lakes

Activity	Priority Location	Measurable Output	Implementation Actions	2024 Estimated Outputs	2024 Estimated Cost	Activity Categories
35 Phragmites (Table 3-1 WTL 1C)	In order of priority 1. Chisago Lakes LID 2. Carlos Avery WMA 3. Elsewhere in Chisago Co and Isanti Co 4. Headwaters of North Branch & West Branch Sunrise River	Reduce the size and number of invasive phragmites locations as reported on EddMaps by 50% or 45 infestation areas. Stabilize and eradicate those small infestataions less than 1,000 – 2,000 sq. ft. through rapid response plans, where available		Reduce by 5 infestations		A13 Aquatic Invasive Species Prevention & Management
36 Lake levels (Table 3-1 LK 3A)	Chisago Co. Lakes = Chisago Lakes Chain of Lakes (Chisago, South Lindstrom, North Lindstrom, Green, Little Green, North Center, South Center), Fish, Horseshoe, Little Horseshoe, Sunrise	Develop resiliency plans or responses, such as a Slow-No-Wake Ordinance or Channel and Weir Operations and Maintenance Plans, to address vulnerable properties			\$10,000	A11 Shoreland Protection & Management
37 Internal loading (Table 3-1 LK 1D)	In lakes where internal loading is estimated to be a significant contributor to degraded water quality and where not addressing the internal loading would result in sustained degradation (See Internal Loading Lakes	Address source of internal loading 3 in lakes		0	0\$	A1 + A2 + A3 Structural and Non-structural Ag/Urban BMPs
38 Shoreland (Table 3-1 UP 1A, R&S 2A, Basin wide LK 2B) LK 2B) Recilient lands (Table 3-1 UP 1C. Private lan	Basin wide Private lands in priority corridors	Increase the number of LGUs (including counties) by 2 that adopt innovative shoreland standards		1 new LGU w/ adopted standards 2 designs	\$40,000	A11 Shoreland Protection & Management A7 Terchnical/Engineering
lands (Table 3-1 UP 1C,	Private lands in priority corridors and critical habitat areas and large-scale developments with land-use change	Increase in the number of diverse landscape designs and plantings resilient to climate change		z designs	000,000	A/ lechnical/Engineering
40 Land protection (Table 3-1 UP 1B; R&S 2A; LK 2A)	First priority: Areas near already protected lands (public or private), tributaries near impaired waters, areas where known endangered species are present and identified biologically significant natural areas as identified by MLCCS mapping Second priority: Basin wide	At least 1000 acres protected through acquisition and easements.		100 acres protected		A12 Land Acquisition & Management
otection (Table 3-1 UP 1C, LK	1B) habitat is fractured and shoreline areas where upland habitat is fractured and shoreline areas where there is high to moderate development or land under future development pressure Second priority: Basin wide			2 new plans	\$180,000	A7 Technical/Engineering
42 Habitat improve (Table 3-1 UP 2C)	Basin wide based on prioritized mapping including MLCCS maps and other critical habitat mapping	1,000 new acres managed for better habitat, or as recommended in Landscape Stewardship Plans		100 new acres managed		A7 Technical/Engineering

Implementation Actions
Identify, appoint, and empower entity or
person to lead/evaluate the water quality metrics, set reporting standards, report on
goal progress.
Metropolitan Council to study and map
pollution sources (including mines), areas
around chemical contamination sites,
Support agencies such as DNR and Met Council in mapping recharge areas and
groundwatersheds of GW dependent
natural resources
Build on existing GRAPS to develop
groundwater plans that lay out technical framework, issues, policies and
implementation actions for the protection and conservation of groundwater
Work with MnDNR to maintain and
expand observation well program
Calculate internal loading of phosphorus
on 15 lakes @ \$25,000 each
Baseline data such as transparency, Develop monitoring plan and collect data
total pnospnorus and cnloropnyli- a using available means such as volunteers, are collected Met Council's CAMP, MPCA's citizen
monitoring program, MPCA's Intensive
watershed monitoring program, SWCDs,
counties, parks departments, lake
associations, etc.
Anoka Co annual costs (5 lakes *
\$2,100/lake) = \$10,500 Chicago Co appural coeft (2 la
Cnisago co annual costs (2 lakes) = \$1,200
Isanti Co annual costs (12 lakes)
\$1,430/lake = \$17,160

Activity Categories	A9 Targeting Analysis	A7 Technical/Engineering	A7 Technical/Engineering	A9 Targeting Analysis	A9 Targeting Analysis	A7 Technical/Engineering	A7 Technical/Engineering	A9 Targeting Analysis
2024 Estimated Cost		000'9ɛ\$	\$13,000	000′06\$	000'06\$	\$100,000	\$25,000	\$25,000
2024 Estimated Outputs	Included in existing work			3 SWAs	3 SWAs			
Implementation Actions	Use latest climate science to implement adaptive management	100% of lakes prone to Manage the channel and weir system with anthropogenic water level variation an approved operation and maintenance are identified plan.	100% of lakes prone to direct Participate in DNR lake level monitoring anthropogenic water level variation program to routinely collect lake level data are identified	Conduct analyses to identify and prioritize water quality improvement projects within a priority subwatershed. Methods and analyses can include site or field scale subwatershed analyses, diagnostic monitoring, spatial analysis and	mapping, modeling, cost benefit analyses, or other data-driven targeting activities. See <u>Section VII.B</u> . for further description.	Operate up to 10 new monitoring stations that lack data (quality and quantity) to evaluate progress toward achieving the TMDL and to identify priority subwatersheds. @ \$10,000/year/station	Work with land use authorities along St. Croix River and MnDNR Area Hydrologists to evaluate floodplain and zoning ordinances and update where appropriate.	Identify, evaluate, and rank active gullies directly discharging into the St. Croix or its tributaries [LIDAR to identify gully locations; RUSIE & BWSR pollution reduction calculator to determine pollution reduction
Measurable Output	Participate in studies and/or stay informed of latest science to assess the impact of a changing climate on lakes and the St. Croix River	iation	100% of lakes prone to direct anthropogenic water level variation are identified	20 subwatershed project targeting analyses are completed (estimated \$10,000-\$50,000/SWA or \$30,000 ave)	20 subwatershed project targeting analyses are completed (estimated \$10,000 - \$50,000/SWA or \$30,000 ave)	Coordinated hydrologic, chemical, and biological monitoring of the St. Croix River and its tributaries; nutrient loading data of major tributaries to the St. Croix River is evaluated.		Inventory and prioritize active erosion sites.
Priority Location	Basin wide	Chisago Chain of Lakes	Basin wide	Subwatersheds of Regionally Significant Lakes <u>Table 5-3</u> and Figure 5-3	Regionally Significant Rivers and Streams: - Streams and tributaries in Sunrise R. Watershed - Direct drainage areas to St. Croix River through Rock, Rush, Goose, and Browns Creeks and Trout Brook and other small streams as shown in Table 5-2 and Figure	Tributaries to the St. Croix	Land use authorities in the St. Croix Evaluate the floodplain and zoning Riverway. Riverway. effectiveness in protecting the floodplain function and preventing flood damages. Include impacts of variances in the evaluation.	Intermittent and perennial tributaries and watercourses flowing directly to St. Croix River
Activity	51 LK 4A STC 2B, 4C	52 LK 4A	53 LK 4A	54 LK 1A, 1B, 4A	55 R&S 1A, STC 4B	56 STC 4A, 4C	/ STC 3A	3 STC 4B & UP 2A
#	l iú	15	ιχ	ιň	ī,	ι <u>ν</u>	57	28

#	Activity	Priority Location	Measurable Output	Implementation Actions	2024 Estimated Outputs	2024 Estimated Cost	Activity Categories
59	59 STC 28, 4C UP 1A	Basin wide	Map priority restoration and protection areas for acquisition, easements, and voluntary stewardship	Complete level 4/5 MLCCS basin wide. Expand the Washington County Natural Resource Framework and use their methodology in Anoka, Chisago, Isanti, and Pine Counties. (MLCCS = \$1,000/\$q mi * 640 sq miles)		\$100,000	A9 Targeting Analysis
09	60 UP 1E	First priority: Public lands or near public lands; areas may be further prioritized thru cooperative weed mgmt area Second priority: Basin wide	Map and target "eradicate and control list" invasive species populations for each county Contact 50% of landowners for species on restricted list	Implement a cooperative weed management area (including MNDOT when possible) and promote associated implementation strategies.		0\$	A9 Targeting Analysis
61	61 WTL 3E	Pine County	Complete soil survey	Complete soil survey as developed by NRCS, USDA & shown in Soil Survey Geographic (SSURGO) Database	To be completed by NRCS		A7 Technical/Engineering
62	62 WTL 3D	Wetlands upstream of nutrient impaired streams and lakes	Monitor 10 identified wetlands for nutrient and volume contribution to impaired lakes and streams	Use subwatershed analyses or monitoring/modeling data to identify degraded wetlands with the potential of contributing high nutrient loads to downstream resources.		\$75,000	A7 Technical/Engineering
63	63 WTL 3D	Basin wide	Identify 5 degraded wetlands with best restoration potential in each HUC 10	Use existing Restorable Wetland Prioritization Tool to focus effort	To be completed in conjunction with existing		A9 Targeting Analysis
99	64 WTL 3E & 1D	1st priority: Public ditches in Isanti Co. 2nd priority: Basin wide	Obtain Nutrient Loading Data in Collect water quality data near basins/wetlands near Ditch outlets outlets of 25 ditches (estimated to identify areas for ditch \$2,000 per ditch)	Collect water quality data near ditch outlets of 25 ditches (estimated \$2,000 per ditch)		\$5,000	A9 Targeting Analysis
92	65 WTL 3A, 3B, 3C	1 st Priority: Isanti County 2 nd Priority: Basin wide	Create wetland inventory based on MLCCs, and function and value assessment and/or floristic quality assessment	Increase by 5 the number of LGUs with policies requiring wetland function and value assessments with project proposals such as developments or ditch work.		\$25,000	A7 Technical/Engineering
99	66 WTL 3B	Pine County and Isanti County	An inventory and map of all areas of wetland loss and historic wetlands is locally verified	Verify recently completed inventory and map % of areas of wetland loss and historic wetlands		\$6,000	A7 Technical/Engineering
SU	SUBTOTAL: Part D. Implementation for Prioritization and Analysis: Issues, Goals,	ioritization and Analysis: Issues, Go	als, Actions, Measurable Outputs, and Priority Locations	d Priority Locations		\$743,225	

2024 LSC Project Process Calendar

Policy Committee meets quarterly (4th Monday of the month)

Steering Committee meets monthly (4th Wednesday of the month)

Planning Team meets monthly (2nd Wednesday of the month)

Advisory Committee meets as needed (e.g., AC meets to approve annual work plan)

This calendar only shows meetings which pertain to the proposed project approval process. Additional meetings are held at the frequencies described above.

at the frequencies described above.		
<u>January</u>	<u>February</u>	<u>March</u>
1/5 Deadline: All partners submit 2023 activity reports to Reporting Lead 1/15 Deadline: Policy Committee	2/14 Deadline : Project requests <\$50K submitted to Meeting Facilitator (2 weeks before SC meeting)	3/8 Notice : Meeting Facilitator will send out call for projects reminder to all partners 60 days in advance of the May application deadline
meeting packet posted, including 2023 grant activity report	2/28 Steering Committee : At regular monthly meeting consider project requests <\$50K	3/13 Deadline : Project requests ≥\$50K submitted to Meeting Facilitator
1/22 Policy Committee: At regular quarterly meeting review 2023 grant activity report		3/27 Steering Committee : At regular monthly meeting review project requests ≥\$50K that are due to come to PC in April
<u>April</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>June</u>
4/15 Deadline : Policy Committee meeting packet posted, including project requests ≥\$50K	5/8 Deadline : Project requests <\$50K submitted to Meeting Facilitator (2 weeks before SC meeting)	6/14 Notice : Meeting Facilitator will send out call for projects reminder to all partners 60 days in advance of the August application deadline
4/22 Policy Committee : At regular quarterly meeting consider project requests <u>></u> \$50K once per year	5/22 Steering Committee : At regular monthly meeting consider project requests <\$50,000	
<u>July</u>	<u>August</u>	<u>September</u>
	8/14 Deadline : Project requests <\$50K submitted to Meeting Facilitator (2 weeks before SC meeting)	
	8/28 Steering Committee : At regular monthly meeting consider project requests <\$50,000	
<u>October</u>	<u>November</u>	<u>December</u>
		12/13 Notice : Meeting Facilitator will send out call for projects reminder to all partners 60 days in advance of the February application deadlines (dual notice this month – projects less than and greater than \$50K)



WBIF Proposed Project Evaluation and Approval Process for the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership

Updated February 1, 2023

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Purpose

This document provides a detailed overview of the evaluation and approval of projects proposing to use Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership (LSCP) Watershed-Based Implementation Funds (WBIF). This document is intended to be reviewed each December to evaluate its effectiveness in relation to Comprehensive Plan implementation, and determine what modifications to improve process, address gaps, or to better align with other policies or procedures should be made.

The process described in this document is an aggregation of the following sources:

- Appendix to the 2022 Annual Plan of Work: Lower St. Croix Project Approval Process Policy
- Appendix to the 2022-23 Annual Plan of Work: Lower St. Croix Fast Track Project Policy
- September 26, 2022 Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership Policy Committee Meeting Minutes
- Review process graphics for proposed WBIF projects

WBIF Funding Applicability

To apply for WBIF-funding, eligible entities/applicants are limited to the 15 local government unit (LGU) partners that signed on to the joint power's agreement for implementation of the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan. Non-included entities/individuals can work with one of the 15 partners to submit an application.

Partners include: Chisago County, Isanti County, Pine County, Washington County, Anoka Conservation District, Chisago Soil and Water Conservation District, Isanti Soil and Water Conservation District, Pine Soil and Water Conservation District, Washington Conservation District, Brown's Creek Watershed District, Carnelian-Marine-St. Croix Watershed District, Comfort Lake Forest Lake Watershed District, South Washington Watershed District, Valley Branch Watershed District, and Middle St. Croix Watershed Management Organization.

Project Review Schedule

Request for Projects and Submission Deadlines

- The Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership staff will send out requests for projects to all
 partners 60 days in advance of a scheduled Steering or Policy Committee meeting in which
 projects will be reviewed by an appointed individual of a partner. ¹
- Submission deadlines are 2 weeks prior to the applicable Steering or Policy Committee meeting to provide adequate time to assemble meeting packets.
- The 2023 submission deadlines and meeting schedule is shown in 2023 LSC Project Process
 Calendar (Attachment 1).

Reviews

The projects reviewed and considered by the Steering and/or Policy Committee will fall into one of two broad categories.

- 1. Projects equal to and exceeding \$50,000²
- 2. Projects less than \$50,000

The primary difference in these categories is the review schedule/frequency, and the review audience. Both categories will generally follow the same core process. The primary differences between the project types are outlined below.

- Projects equal to and exceeding \$50,000
 - Schedule:
 - Reviewed one time annually (March by the Steering Committee; April by the Policy Committee).
 - Audience:
 - Projects must be reviewed by the Steering Committee, who provides a recommendation for approval/denial to the Policy Committee.
 - Projects must be reviewed by the Policy Committee, who provides a recommendation for approval/denial to the fiscal agent.³

¹ Each December calls for proposals will be sent for both categories of projects (less \$50,000 - reviewed in February; and, equal to or exceeding \$50,000 - reviewed in March).

² Amounts above, equal to, or below \$50,000 refers to the grant fund request amount, not total project cost.

³ Projects do not require approval by the Lower St. Croix Watershed local partner boards unless the project requires a grant agreement amendment or work plan revision equal to or exceeding \$50,000.

- Projects less than \$50,000
 - Schedule:
 - Reviewed three times annually in February, May, and August
 - Audience:
 - Projects must be reviewed by the Steering Committee, who provides a recommendation for approval/denial to the fiscal agent.

Evaluation Process

Step 1: Application

An eligible applicant fills out a project request form plus appropriate attachments (see attachments listed on project request form) and self-evaluates the project.

Application Criteria: The following are **required** for a project to qualify for WBIF funds.

- 1. The eligible applicant has investigated potential match funding options from other sources.
- 2. The eligible applicant has submitted a <u>Funding Request Form</u> and any necessary attachments/self-evaluation forms at least two weeks in advance of the Steering Committee meeting to the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership meeting facilitator.
- 3. The project is indicated as a priority in the Lower St. Croix 10-year Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan.
- 4. The project is in alignment with the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership WBIF grant work plan.⁴
- 5. The project meets all of the Gatekeeper Criteria (see page 95).

Step 2: Steering Committee Evaluation

The Steering Committee evaluates the project. Projects meeting these criteria will be weighted higher than those that do not.

- 1. How project scores (the forms linked below are viewable on the <u>LSCP website</u>):
 - a. <u>CWMP Scoring Matrix</u>
 - b. Wetland Restoration
 - c. Internal Loading Analyses
 - d. Targeting Analyses

⁴ If a partner is proposing a project that is not in alignment with the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership (LSCP) WBIF grant work plan, the partner must first request and receive a work plan amendment prior to submitting an application for LSCP WBIF funding consideration.

- 2. The applicant is in good standing with the LSC (e.g., has delivered and/or closed previous projects in a timely fashion).
- 3. The project will take place in the current grant cycle.
- 4. The project will utilize funds on the cusp of expiration.

Step 3: Steering Committee Recommendations

The Steering Committee makes a recommendation. Recommendations require a simple majority vote, (50% plus one of partners attending the meeting). Only a single representative from each entity may cast a vote. If the recommendation is for approval, <u>Step 4</u> is followed for project requests equal or exceeding \$50,000. Skip to Step 5 for project requests less than \$50,000.

- If the project was not selected for funding, a Partner may pursue an <u>Appeal</u>.
 The Fiscal Agent and a designated member of the Steering Committee will keep an ongoing list of projects that have been approved/recommended.
- If a project is not selected for funding, an applicant may resubmit the same project at a future date for consideration. Re-submitted projects will be evaluated as described in Step
 2.

Step 4: Policy Committee

The Policy Committee considers the project.

- Prior to making any recommendations, the Policy Committee will review the <u>Conflict of Interest Policy</u>, as part of the agenda, requesting members to disclose any actual, potential, or perceived conflicts.
- The Policy Committee will make a decision on projects rankings, based on merit, either choosing to uphold Steering Committee recommendations or modifying the Steering Committee's recommendations based on its own analysis.
- Recommendations of approval from the Policy Committee require a super majority vote of the members attending the meeting (2/3 or 66%).
- A recommendation for approval advances the project to Step 5.

Step 5: Fiscal Agent.

The fiscal agent will take action on the project request for funding. If approved, the fiscal agent executes a subcontract with the partner sponsor who submitted the application.

Step 6: Post Project Administrative Steps

- Upon completion of the project, the partner fills out the <u>Invoice Template</u>, and submits it to the fiscal agent.⁵
- The fiscal agent and the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership Progress Reporter review the project invoice and work through any remaining items with the project partner.
- Upon project completion, partners are required to provide an update to the Steering Committee, who will subsequently review and accept final documentation.
- When all reimbursement documentation has been determined to be complete and approved by the Steering Committee, the project payment is processed at the fiscal agent's next regularly scheduled meeting.

Appeals

An eligible partner who submitted an application that was not recommended for funding or full funding by the Steering Committee may appeal directly to the Policy Committee. The partner requesting the appeal will be expected to:

- At least one week prior to the Policy Committee meeting, submit a written memo, quantitative demonstration of the value or merit of the project.
- Attend the Policy Committee meeting in which the appeal will be considered.

Exceptions and Additional Requirements

Non-structural Projects: These projects are not subject to review by the Steering Committee at predetermined evaluation meetings (February, May, August).

- Projects will be eligible for funding already allocated to each soil and water conservation district.
 Projects will be reviewed against <u>prioritization criteria</u> listed in the non-structural agricultural practices policy (See the <u>CWMP</u>, pg. 40), and a decision will be made by a committee of:
 - The agronomy outreach specialist;
 - The Lower St. Croix Watershed Partner(s); and,
 - Applicable soil and water conservation district.

⁵ If a partner wishes to receive partial payments for a particular project, the partner must execute a project assurance that is acceptable to both the fiscal agent and the Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR).

Urban Non-structural Street Sweeping: These projects are not subject to review by the Steering Committee at pre-determined evaluation meetings (February, May, August). Incentive funding will only be available to communities with enhanced street sweeping plans approved by the LSCP.

 For projects (including studies), the project proposer is required to bring an information item to the Steering Committee, notifying the Committee of the project's completion, and any related reports or data.

Contracts: Contracts dealing with the employment or continued funding of Lower St. Croix Partnership staff are not subject to the Project Evaluation and Approval Process outlined in this document. Contracts will be handled between the Fiscal Agent and the contracting party independently.

Interim Applications: Partners may submit a written request to the LSCP Progress Reporter that their projects be reviewed at the next scheduled monthly Steering Committee meeting. The partner must demonstrate that the project review cannot wait until the next scheduled review meeting, in accordance with the LSCP's Fast-Track Project Policy, adopted April 25, 2022. The Progress Reporter will forward the request to the Planning Team, who will review the request, either in a special meeting, or through other communications, and determine if the project warrants a fast-track designation and should advance to the Steering Committee.

If the Steering Committee reviews the interim application outside of the approved calendar, the review process will be identical to the process outlined for other project reviews.

Lower St. Croix Fast-Track Project Policy

"Beginning on July 1, 2022, the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership will use a stream-lined approach to review and recommend projects for funding. Projects submitted by participating entities will be ranked and reviewed two to three times per year in spring, summer, and fall.

On occasion, however, the Partnership recognizes that high value projects may arise that are well-aligned with the goals of our Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan but require more timely review in order to be completed within the calendar year. For time-sensitive projects such as these, local partners may request that their project be reviewed at the next scheduled monthly steering committee meeting.

All projects that are recommended for funding by the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership will be required to follow the same process, regardless of the timing for their review. This includes: completing a project request form and self-evaluation; submitting the project for steering committee and/or policy committee review; executing a contract for funding with the fiscal agent; and filling out and submitting an invoice template to the fiscal agent upon project completion.

Projects will only be fast-tracked if they cannot wait until the next scheduled review meeting and their benefit would significantly outweigh that of future projects that will be considered.

This policy should not be construed to include "emergency projects", as defined by Minnesota Statute 103D.615. The term "emergency project" is strictly applicable to watershed districts and counties during a declared State of Emergency. The Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership does not have authority under Minnesota Statute to declare a State of Emergency nor complete "emergency projects.""

Conflict of Interest Policy

This policy follows, supports, and expands upon items outlined in the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan Policy Committee Bylaws, adopted January 25, 2021 (Article II, Subsection 3).

Definition

A conflict of interest, whether actual, potential, or perceived occurs "when a person has actual or apparent duty or loyalty to more than one organization and the competing duties or loyalties may result in actions which are adverse to one or both parties. A conflict of interest exists even if no unethical, improper or illegal act results from it." (Office of Grants Management, Policy 08-01).

According to the Office of Grants Management Policy 08-01:

- ACTUAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST: An actual conflict of interest occurs when a decision or action
 would compromise a duty to a party without taking immediate appropriate action to eliminate
 the conflict.
- POTENTIAL CONFLICT OF INTEREST: A potential conflict of interest may exist if a grant reviewer has a relationship, affiliation, or other interest that could create an inappropriate influence if the person is called on to make a decision or recommendation that would affect one or more of those relationships, affiliations, or interests.
- PERCEIVED CONFLICT OF INTEREST: A perceived conflict of interest is any situation in which a
 reasonable third party would conclude that conflicting duties or loyalties exist.

Application

No LSC member or representative shall participate personally through decisions, approval, disapproval, recommendation, the rendering of advice, investigation, or otherwise in any proceeding, application, request for a ruling or other determination, contract, award, cooperative agreement, claim, controversy, or other particular matter in which award funds (including program income or other funds generated by federally-funded activities) are used, where to his/her knowledge, he/she or his/her immediate families, partners, organization other than a public agency in which he/she is serving as an officer, director, trustee, partner, or employee, or any person or organization with whom he/she is negotiating or has any arrangement concerning prospective employment has a financial interest of less than an arms-length transaction.

In the use of agency project funds, personnel and other officials shall avoid any action which might result in, or create the appearance of:

- Using his or her official position for private gain.
- Giving preferential treatment to any person.
- Losing complete independence or impartiality.
- Making an official decision outside of official channels.
- Affecting adversely the confidence of the public in the integrity of the government or the program.

Implementation

During a Policy Committee meeting, and prior to the Policy Committee's review or discussion of any items that involves a grant or funding decision/recommendation, an agenda item will be included to identify and/or disclose actual or perceived conflicts of interest. During this agenda item, the Policy Committee Chair will review the *Definition* of a Conflict of Interest, and request that meeting participants disclose any actual, potential, or perceived conflicts. It is the participant's obligation to be familiar with the LSC's Conflict of Interest Policy, and to disclose any conflicts of interest. A disclosure does not automatically result in a participant being removed from the meeting or process, only that the conflict has been identified.

Non-Structural Ag BMP Policy

Activity 4 - Non-Structural Ag BMP

Process of Submitting Project Requests

Funds will annually be allocated to each District based on the percentage of acres the LSCW encompasses to provide program payments to administer within their county for the non-structural ag BMP practices, allocation as follows:

- 1. Anoka SWCD \$10,000
- 2. Chisago SWCD \$40,000
- 3. Isanti SWCD \$10,000
- 4. Pine SWCD \$10,000
- **5.** Washington CD \$30,000

Districts wishing to utilize WBIF funds for implementing agricultural non-structural BMPs will submit a project request form for the allocation of funding to the Fiscal Agent (Chisago SWCD), including local approved non-structural ag BMP cost share policy and JAA with submittal.

Individual Districts will approve or disapprove contracts with interested land occupiers according to their local policies and following the most up to date Grants Administration Manual and the Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy –FY20-21. A District may request additional funds if available in another District of which funds are not encumbered, through a request to the Chisago SWCD and approval of the contributing District.

The Districts will abide by the most up to date Grants Administration Manual and the Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy –FY20-21 guidelines and their local policies. This attachment will be updated to reflect future Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policies.

Processing Applications - Conservation staff will use their local non-structural ag BMP policy to rank and select non-structural BMP projects to be submitted to the District the project is located in. Reference Section VII.B of the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan for targeting process and Appendix C for scoring projects.

Ag Priority Areas

- Tier 1: Rock Lake, Rock Creek, Sunrise River and tributaries, St. Croix River tributaries with direct discharge (Rock, Rush, Goose, Lawrence, Browns, and Trout Brook, Creeks, and small creeks south of Lawrence Creek and north of Valley Branch).
- Tier 2: lakes that drain to St. Croix tributaries.
 - Rush and Goose Lakes in Chisago County
 - Forest and Comfort Lakes in CLFLWD (drain to Sunrise River)
- Projects may also occur at other priority waters as identified in Table 5-2 and Table 5-3 of the LSC CWMP. The project ranking subcommittee will also consider CWMP Figure 5-1 Vulnerable Groundwater in Agricultural Areas when evaluating potential projects.

Program Requirements

Cost share is available for implementing non-structural BMPs that have erosion control or water quality improvement benefits in accordance with the Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy –FY20-21. Non-structural BMPs will be planned and implemented according to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) standards and specifications found on the Electronic Field Office Technical Guide (EFOTG).

Cost Share Contract:

A contract between the District and land occupier receiving state funds is required to provide a legal standing to ensure practices are installed and maintained according to approved standards and specifications.

All practices must be consistent with USDA Natural Resources Conservation Services Field Office Technical Guide (FOTG) or be professionally accepted engineering or ecological practices. Design standards for all practices must include specifications for operation and maintenance for the effective life of the given practice, including an inspection schedule and procedure. Technical services will be provided by local SWCD staff with appropriate job approval authority; conservation partners with appropriate job approval authority (such as: Natural Resources Conservation Service); or a NRCS approved Technical Service Provider (TSP). Non-structural vegetative practices must follow the Native Vegetation Establishment and Enhancement Guidelines from WBIF policy.

Review of proposed practice(s) with client including technical information (implementation requirements, seed mixes, design quantities, O&M, etc.) and programmatic requirements (length of contract/lifespan, cost share rates, maximum payments, noncompliance, etc.) and agreement of client will be required prior to submitting the project for recommendation to the local SWCD.

The local SWCD from the county the practice is implemented in will be responsible for the operation and maintenance (O&M) inspections.

Incentives to install or adopt land management practices must have a minimum duration of 3 years. Contract compliance will follow the most up to date Grants Administrative Manual and the District's local policy.

Rates and General Requirements:

Cost share rates will comprise of a flat per acre rate for all non-structural BMP practices based on the Minnesota NRCS Practice Average Annual Cost Information Spreadsheet FY2018 and the Practice Cost Information Workbook Tool 2019 found in the EFOTG. Practices will be planned for 3 years of implementation and the maximum total WBIF per contract will follow local policies. Local policies will dictate whether annual or one-time payments will be made to land occupiers. Practices may be implemented on the same acres for the 3 year duration (required for nutrient management and prescribed grazing), practices may move with the rotation but must implement the same amount or greater acres in years 2 and 3, or two or more practices may be implemented on the same acres for the 3 year period alternating years (ex. Plant cover crops after corn harvest, no-till soybeans the following year). Eligibility requirements include that planned practices are newly adopted; not previously implemented on the acres by the current owner/operator and did not previously meet NRCS standards and specifications.

- Cover Crops Must follow NRCS Practice Standard 340
 - 1-2 species \$50/acre/year
 - 3+ species \$60/acre/year
 - Implementation can occur on different acres within the three-year contract or on the same acres consecutively
- Nutrient Management Must follow NRCS Practice Standard 590
 - \$20/acre/year
 - Implemented on the same acres annually
- Prescribed Grazing Must follow NRCS Practice Standard 528
 - \$40/acre/year
 - Implemented on the same acres annually
- Residue and Tillage Management No-Till & Strip Till Must follow NRCS Practice Standard 329 for No-Till/Strip-Till
 - \$20/acre/year

- Implementation can occur on different acres within the three-year contract or on the same acres consecutively
- Residue and Tillage Management Conservation Tillage Must follow NRCS Practice Standard 345 for Conservation Till
 - \$10/acre/year
 - Residue cover following a corn crop at the time of planting the subsequent crop must be 60% or greater.
 - Residue cover following a soybean crop at the time of planting the subsequent crop must be 30% or greater.
 - Residue cover following a small grain crop at the time of planting the subsequent crop must be 60% or greater.
 - Implementation can occur on different acres within the three-year contract or on the same acres consecutively

Project Selection Criteria

Districts will follow their respective non-structural ag BMP policy for selecting projects of which are to be located in the ag priority locations and following the Grants Administration Manual and the Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy –FY20-21. Reference Section VII.B of the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan for targeting process and Appendix C for scoring projects.

Attachment E

Non-Structural Urban BMP Policy

Adopted May 25, 2022

Activity 4 - Non-Structural Urban BMP

Program Summary

Canopy cover, sweeping frequency, timing of sweeping, and sweeper type can reduce sediment and phosphorus discharges from urban areas. Increasing late spring, early summer, and fall sweepings in catchments with medium or high tree canopy cover reduces the greatest amount of phosphorus discharging from streets. The Lower St. Croix Partnership provides funds to implement increased sweeping in late spring, early summer, and fall in catchments with medium or high tree canopy and directly flowing to priority water resources. Participating communities will be responsible for implementing increased sweeping in late spring, early summer and fall in targeted areas identified in an enhanced sweeping plan.

To qualify for a grant, communities must have an approved enhanced sweeping plan completed by the Lower St. Croix Partnership.

Enhanced Street Sweeping Plan

The LSCP will conduct an Enhanced Street Sweeping Evaluation at the request of communities interested in participating in the enhanced street sweeping grant program. To initiate the evaluation, a community must apply to have a street sweeping study completed with the intent to adopt changes to their street sweeping operations. Enhanced Street Sweeping Evaluations will be completed for a cost between \$3,000-\$5,000 each, depending on scale. During the evaluation, the community will be requested to provide information regarding the existing sweeping operations. The draft plan will be reviewed with community staff or the appointed representative for the community.

Sweeping plans will be developed utilizing GIS with the following steps: 1. identify direct drainage to priority catchments, 2. Identify current sweeping frequency in the direct drainage catchments, 3. Identify canopy cover density (low, medium, high) based on tree canopy assessment protocol, 4. Identify increased sweeping frequency in late spring, early summary and fall in medium and high-density canopy cover areas directly draining to priority water resources, 4. Produce color coded street maps that indicate sweeping frequencies in late spring, early summer, and fall; summarize recommended enhanced sweeping curb miles, and identify total cost estimate for implementing enhanced street sweeping.

\$40,000 has been identified for developing these plans in the LSC Watershed Partnership Watershed Based Implementation Funding work plan under Activity 8: Targeting Analyses

Process of Submitting Project Requests

Once a LSC WP JPA partner self-scores their project, submit to the Steering Committee (SC). The SC will review projects and make recommendations to the Lower St. Croix Policy Committee (PC), which in turn makes a recommendation to the Fiscal Agent (Chisago SWCD). Final funding decisions are made by the Chisago SWCD.

The Districts will abide by the Grants Administration Manual and the Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy – FY20-21 guidelines and their local policies.

Processing Applications

LSC WP JPA staff will use Appendix C to rank and select urban non-structural BMP projects to be recommended to the SC. Reference Section VII.B of the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan for targeting process.

Urban Priority Areas:

- Rush Creek (Rush City)
- Goose Creek (Harris)
- Sunrise River (North Branch, Stacy, Wyoming)
- St. Croix River (Taylors Falls, Marine on the St. Croix, Stillwater, and MSCWMO cities including Afton, Bayport, Baytown Township, Lakeland, Lakeland Shores, Lake St. Croix Beach, Oak Park Heights, St. Mary's Point, Stillwater, and West Lakeland Township).

Program Requirements

Cost share is available for implementing non-structural BMPs that have erosion control or water quality improvement benefits in accordance with the Board of Water and Soil Resource's (BWSR) Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy –FY20-21. Non-structural BMPs will be planned and implemented according to the Minnesota Stormwater Manual and will follow the most up to date Grants Administrative Manual.

Cost Share Contract: A contract between the LSC WP JPA partner and land occupier receiving state funds is required to provide a legal standing to ensure practices are installed and maintained according to approved standards and specifications. The LSC WP JPA will enter into one contract with each community for 3 years of the contract.

The local LSC WP JPA partner from the county the practice is implemented in will be responsible for the operation and maintenance (O&M) inspections.

Rates and General Requirements:

The contracts will provide an annual incentive payment for the 3-years. The rate, set by the Lower St. Croix Partnership allows for up to 50 miles per community per year (not to exceed \$5,000 per year), with a program goal of sweeping 350 curb miles per year.

Tier 1 \$100/curb-mile/year (complete the MPCA credit calculator based on curb miles swept and provide the report)

Tier 2 \$125/curb-mile/year (complete the MPCA credit calculator based on the tracking of weights, dates, and provide the report)

To participate, communities will need to implement increased sweeping as prescribed by the adopted Enhanced Street Sweeping Plan. Participating communities will be required to enter into a 3-year contract. After the three year enhanced sweeping payment for an area is complete, that area is no longer eligible for payments. The community may apply for incentive payments to expand enhanced sweeping in other areas identified in an enhanced sweeping plan.

Annual payments will be made at the end of each year of the 3-year contract based on actual miles swept in the spring and fall within the enhanced street sweeping zones. Communities will complete 3 years of implementation. If a community fails to implement one of the years, they would be considered in contract non-compliance, and the SWCD who has a contract with them works to bring them into compliance. If they can not be brought into compliance, they are liable to the State (through the local government grantee) for up to 150% of the financial assistance received.

Project Selection Criteria

Districts will follow their respective non-structural urban BMP policy for selecting projects of which are to be located in the urban priority locations and following the Grants Administration Manual and the Watershed-Based Implementation Funding Policy –FY20-21. Reference Section VII.B of the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan for targeting process and Appendix C for scoring projects.

technical memo



7/15/22

Project Name | LSCWP Tree Canopy Assessment Protocol Date |

To / Contact info | Craig Mell, Chisago SWCD Mike Isensee, CMSCWD

Cc / Contact info | LSCWP Subcommittee A8 Members

From / Contact info | Paula Kalinosky, EOR Sarah Voje, EOR

Regarding | Tree Canopy Assessment for Street Sweeping Prioritization – Final Report

Tree Canopy Assessment Protocol for Enhanced Street Sweeping Prioritization

In December 2021, the Lower St. Croix Water Partnership (LSCWP) hired EOR to develop methodology to assessment street corridor tree canopy for use in planning street sweeping practices. The methods described in this memo have been developed to help municipalities identify and prioritize areas within their jurisdiction for enhanced street sweeping practices using GIS data sources that are widely available and analysis methods that do not require advanced software or special training. The method was developed for the LSCWP initiatives plan to improve water quality in the Lower St. Croix region. This plan includes goals for implementation of non-structural BMPs like street sweeping.

1 Background and Definitions

In this section we provide a brief summary of the rationale for enhanced street sweeping based along with a discussion of key terms. The information in the section is based on research conducted by the University of Minnesota in 2011-2013 for the Prior Lake, MN Street Sweeping Study (see References and Works Consulted).

What is Enhanced Street Sweeping?

Most municipalities sweep streets in the spring to remove accumulated sand and tracked sediment that collects during the winter months. This process is typically repeated in the fall to reduce leaf litter on street surfaces. Enhanced street sweeping is simply additional sweeping protocols that are completed for surface water quality protection and other potential benefits (Table 1).

What is Street Corridor Tree Canopy?

As a concept, street corridor tree canopy includes trees located within right-of-way areas and front yards or other areas that are likely to contribute leaf litter and duff to road surfaces. For the purpose of this the assessment outlined in this memo, street corridor tree canopy is defined as canopy cover located within the road right-of-way plus 10 feet. This choice is discussed further in Section 2.1.3

Why Assess Street Corridor Tree Canopy Cover?

Solids that collect on road surfaces include organic litter from trees like leaves, pollen, seeds, and other duff. These inputs to street surfaces are obvious during fall leaf drop but can be a significant source of nutrients in accumulated solids at other times during the growing season (Kalinosky, 2015).

Aren't Trees 'Good' for Water Quality?

Yes, trees provide multiple benefits including reducing stormwater runoff, reducing pollutants in runoff, and moderating heat island impacts from impervious surfaces like roads in urban areas.

Table 1. Benefits of street sweeping and factors that influence the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of street sweeping programs.

	Factors that Influence:	
Benefits of Street Sweeping (Objectives)	Accumulation of Solids on Road Surfaces	Cost-Effectiveness of Street Sweeping
• Aesthetics (clean streets)	•Adjacent land use	Accumulated Solids:
BMP maintenance benefits (L)	Construction activity	 Location of sweeping
Driver and pedestrian safety (S)	•Local topography	 Frequency of sweeping
• Local flood control (clogged catch basins)	Roadway traffic volume	o Timing of sweeping
Surface water quality	•Tree canopy density (This Study)	Objectives for Sweeping
• Pavement management (L)	•Weather	• Sweeper Financing/Ownership
	•Winter road practices	• Sweeper Type

⁼ Benefits, and implementation factors that are associated to tree canopy

2 Tree Canopy Assessment Methods

Quantitative Assessment

Tree canopy cover can be assessed quantitatively through geospatial analysis if mapped tree canopy cover data are available for the area of interest. In the method described in Section 2.1, street corridor areas are defined using road centerline data and right-of-way widths. Mapped tree canopy cover is then intersected with defined corridor areas to calculate a percent tree canopy cover over for each street. This assessment method is most efficient for municipalities located within the 7-County Twin Cities Metropolitan Area and other metropolitan areas for which high resolution land cover data are available (e.g., Duluth, Rochester).

Parameters and recommended methods for quantitative assessment of tree canopy cover are discussed in Section 2.1.

Qualitative Assessment

For small municipalities or neighborhood-scale analysis, qualitative assessment of tree canopy cover may be more efficient than geospatial analysis and quantification. Tree canopy cover can be inspected visually using recent aerial photographs or other satellite imagery along with a visual guide to classify canopy cover at a neighborhood or development scale. This method is outlined in Section 2.2.

⁽L) = Sparse research available

⁽S) = Seasonal benefit

2.1 Quantitative Assessment of Street Corridor Canopy using Geospatial Analysis

2.1.1 Municipalities inside the 7-County Metropolitan Area (TCMA)

For municipalities located with the TCMA, mapped tree canopy data are available in raster format through the Minnesota Geospatial Commons. The TCMA 1-Meter (horizontal resolution) Urban Tree Canopy Classification data set distinguishes deciduous and coniferous tree canopy from buildings, bare soil, paved surfaces, and 7 other land cover classifications.

This data set was developed in 2015 by the University of Minnesota Remote Sensing and Geospatial Analysis Laboratory for the purpose of evaluating existing tree canopy cover, particularly where tree canopy overhangs buildings, roads, parking areas and other impervious surfaces.

Because tree canopy cover is not static – trees mature, are removed to develop land or because they are damaged, tree canopy density estimates developed using mapped canopy cover will include some inaccuracies. These are especially accentuated in areas of recent development. In the context of planning street sweeping, these inaccuracies are generally tolerable, though some manual correction may be needed where development has occurred few years before 2015 or after 2015. Examples of 2015 TCMA mapped canopy vs. aerial imagery are shown in Figure 1.

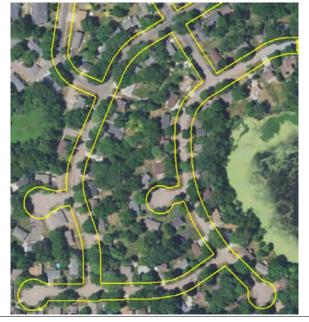
Other land cover data sets typically prioritize impervious surfaces to define roads, buildings, and other paved surfaces (e.g., TCMA High Resolution Land Cover) or to characterize land cover in urban areas using composite values. For example, urban areas are classified using percent impervious rating in the Minnesota Land Cover Classification System (MLCCS). The same areas may be classified as Low-, Medium-, or High-Intensity Developed land cover in the National Landcover Database (NLCD).

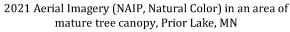
2.1.2 Municipalities outside the TCMA

For municipalities outside the 7-County TCMA, mapped tree canopy data are not readily available. Canopy data sets can be developed using false color imagery in combination with LiDAR data that has been processed to reveal bare earth points. This method was used by the University of Minnesota to develop the TCMA 1-meter Urban Tree Canopy data set described in the previous section. While the data required to perform this analysis are available through various government agencies, the methodology requires advanced GIS analytics which are outside the scope of this protocol. Additional information about the methodology is available through the University of Minnesota Digital Conservancy: https://conservancy.umn.edu/handle/11299/183470mn

See Section 2.2 for further discussion of tree canopy cover assessment for areas outside the 7-county TCMA.

2015 TCMA Mapped tree canopy cover data is most accurate in areas with mature trees where development has not occurred in the last decade.







2021 Aerial Imagery with 2015 TCMA mapped tree canopy overlay shown in purple

Tree canopy data may be out-of-date in areas developed few years before 2015 or after 2015



2021 Aerial Imagery - In areas developed in 2015 or later, mapped tree canopy cover (purple) may include trees that have since been removed.



2021 Aerial Imagery - In areas developed before 2015, mapped canopy cover (purple) may not be totally representative of current canopy cover.

Figure 1. Comparison of aerial imagery and 2015 tree cover (TCMA High Resolution Land Cover Data).

2.1.3 Defining boundaries for assessment of street corridor tree canopy

For assessing potential leaf litter and organic inputs to street surface, we recommend quantifying tree canopy at the roadway right-of-way distance plus an additional 10 feet. This recommendation is based on finding from the Prior Lake Street Sweeping Study (Kalinosky, et. al., 2013). When assessed at different buffer distances from the street, correlations between tree canopy cover and recovered pollutant loads tended to increase with increasing distance from the street up to about 20 feet from curb lines (or 10 feet from the right-of-way). Appendix B shows these results numerically and graphically. Figure 2 illustrates that the percentage of tree canopy increases significantly (3% to 26%) when the curb line footprint is expanded by 20 feet. After 20 feet, the percentage of canopy cover increase is relatively small (i.e., 26% at 20 feet and 32% at 50 feet).

Using the boundary width of the right-of-way distance plus an additional 10 feet was considered appropriate for the following reasons:

- Reduced error in estimates compared to smaller assessment corridors the data sets
 used in this assessment each contain some amount of error and error accumulates as
 data sets are clipped and intersected with one another. For raster data, like the tree
 canopy data used in this assessment, error will increase as feature scale approaches the
 raster resolution.
- Extending the assessment boundary into front yard areas help account for leaves and organic litter transported to street surfaces by wind and runoff, rather than just what falls onto the street directly.
- Many developed area retain wooded areas in backyard. Including areas like this, which
 are less likely to contribute organic litter to road surfaces when compared to front
 yards, may artificially inflate street corridor canopy estimates in some areas, especially
 newly developed areas.

Tree canopy cover within curb line plus 10 feet $\sim 16\%$ Tree canopy cover within curb line plus 50 feet ~32% Tree canopy cover within curb line plus 20 feet $\sim 26\%$ Tree canopy cover within curb line ~3%

Figure 2. Percent tree canopy cover quantified over and within variable distances from the curb line.

2.1.4 Geospatial Analysis for Assessment of Street Corridor Tree Canopy Cover

There are several different methods that can be used to quantify tree canopy cover for defined corridors. A limiting factor for all methods is availability of data sets characterizing the extents of tree canopy. Depending on what tree canopy data is available (if any) for the area of interest, the assessment will be more or less complex. The method summarized below is one that uses public data sets that are readily available and commonly used in water/natural resources planning, analysis, and mapping. This method was chosen for its simplicity and adaptability of the end product for use in different street sweeping prioritization exercises.

2.1.4.1 Recommended workflow for simple quantification of street corridor tree canopy cover.

The workflow summarized below is shown diagrammatically in Figure 4. These are the Workflow steps:

Identify and isolate candidate roads

- 1) Where available, begin the analysis using road centerline data maintained by the municipality. If county or state-level data are used, the fist step is to refine the data set to eliminate roadways owned by other jurisdictional entities:
 - A. Clip road centerline data using the applicable municipal boundary.
 - B. Select roads segments by jurisdiction using the MNDOT Route System Code ('ROUTE_SYS' attribute) that is shown in Appendix C. The route system code for municipal streets is number '10'. Other route system codes (e.g., 05 Municipal State Aid Street) may be applicable depending on individual context.
 - C. Inspect Road data, remove duplicate linework if coincident segments are present.

Determine the extents of tree canopy quantification

Using minimum (local ordinance) or typical right-of-way widths (Table 2), assign centerline buffer distances to define the extents of the tree canopy assessment.

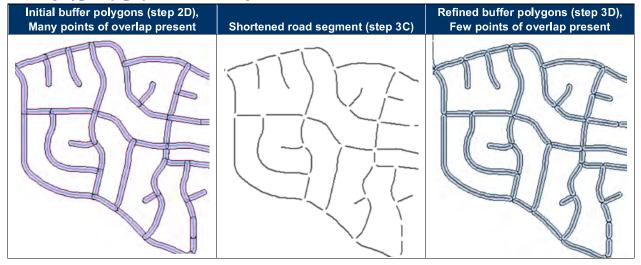
- 2) For road centerline data that do not include an attribute describing the functional classification OR the ROW width:
 - A. Add a text field to classify road segments by functional class. Review data for attributes that can serve as a proxy for functional class (e.g., lane width, speed limit).
 - B. If no suitable proxy attributes are included in the data, functional class can be added through visual inspection. It may be easier to identify primary throughfare or high capacity routes visually using satellite/aerial imagery in combination with roadway names. Remaining roads can then be assigned an 'uncategorized' function class (Table 2).
 - C. Assign function class based on proxy attribute or manual selection.
- 3) If road centerline data do include a functional class, but do not include ROW width data:
 - A. Add a new double field, 'ROW,' to the attribute table in the municipal road data set defined in step 1C.
 - B. Assign ROW width based on the function classification using minimum ROW widths from local zoning code, engineering standards, or the recommended values in Table 2.

Table 2. Recommended road centerline buffer distance for street corridor canopy assessment.

Road Type (Functional Class)	Typical ROW Width (feet)	Assessment Boundary	Recommended Centerline Buffer Distance
Major or Minor Arterial	150		85 feet
Collector (neighborhood or other)	80 - 120		60 feet
Commercial or Industrial Service Street	80	ROW + 10 feet	50 feet
Local Road	50 - 60	on either side	40 feet
Uncategorized (classification or suitable proxy attribute not available)	50 - 80		50 feet

- 4) Calculate centerline buffer distance for canopy assessment
 - A. Add a new double field, 'Buffer' to the road centerline data from step 3B.
 - B. Select the 'Buffer' attribute field and assign values using the 'Field Calculator' tool. Set the field value to = 0.5 *[ROW] + 10 (one-half the ROW width plus 10 feet).
 - C. Geoprocessing buffer the road segments layer using the 'by field' buffer distance assignment option.

Table 3. Example of intermediate buffer polygons (left) shortened road segments (middle), and refined buffer polygons (right) described in steps 4C, 5A, and 6C.



Refine buffer polygons

- 5) Buffering line segments, like road centerline, which intersect one another, will produce buffer polygons that overlap at intersections and road segment breaks. Buffer polygons should be 'cleaned' to eliminate double counting tree canopy in the assessment. The following is one simple methods for clean polygon buffers.
 - A. Intersect the road segment data from Step 1C with the buffer polygons created in step 4C. This will produce a road centerline data layer with all of the attributes assigned in steps 3 and 4, but with breaks at intersections with buffer polygons as well as centerline intersections.

- 6) Eliminate road segment within buffer overlap zones:
 - A. Calculate the length of the road segments produced in the step 5A.
 - B. Select all road segments that have a length less than or equal to the longest specified buffer distance calculated in step 4B. Delete these segments.
 - C. Buffer the remaining road segments using the buffer distance attribute. This will produce buffer polygons with no overlap. Gaps on the order of 10 feet may be present at some locations, but for the purpose street sweeping prioritization, these gaps will not introduce significant error in canopy density estimates.

Process tree canopy data

- 7) The 7-County TCMA Urban Tree Canopy data set is quite large. To reduce processing times, clip the data set to the area of interest.
 - A. Use 'Extract by Mask' to clip the TCMA tree canopy raster to the applicable jurisdictional boundary.
 - B. Use the 'Reclass' tool to reclassify the 'Value' field, replacing the value '6' for coniferous tree canopy with '1' and reclassifying all other values as 0.
 - C. (Optional) If available, burn in tree inventory points to the raster
 - i. Use 'Rasterize' tool to assign all tree points as 1 and remaining points null or $\boldsymbol{0}$
 - ii. Use 'Raster Calculator' to burn in or replace any pixels in the Tree Canopy Raster that have tree inventory points associated with them to 1, indicating tree presence.

Calculate % canopy cover

- 8) Overlay tree canopy data and buffer polygons to determine % canopy cover within each polygon.
 - A. Using the buffer polygons created in step 6C and the reclassified tree canopy raster from step 7B (if using tree inventory data, use raster from 7C), run the 'Zonal Statistics' tool to calculate the count and sum of tree canopy cover within street corridor areas.
 - B. Add a new field, 'canopy, type = float, to the new layer produced in step 8A.
 - C. Calculate the percent canopy per road polygon by taking area occupied by tree cover (sum) divided by the area of the road polygon (count).

Refine symbology

9) Use symbology to highlight differences in street corridor canopy visually. An example is shown in Figure 3.

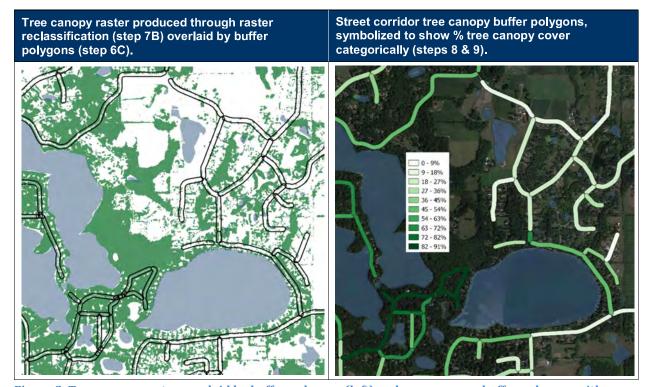


Figure 3. Tree canopy raster overlaid by buffer polygons (left) and canopy cover buffer polygons with symbology applies to show canopy ratings visually (right).

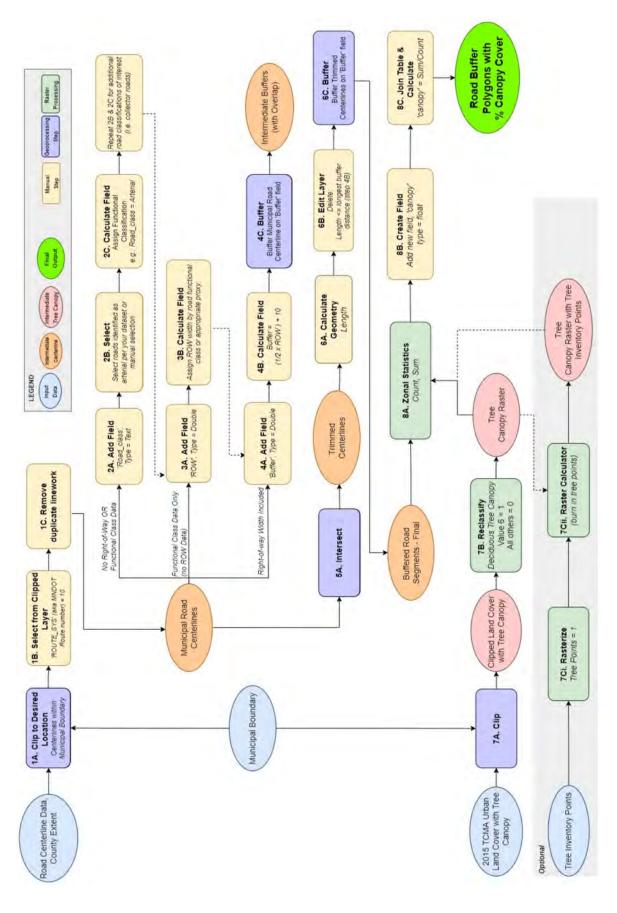


Figure 4. Workflow diagram for simple quantification of street corridor tree canopy cover using geospatial analysis.

Recommended Data Sources for Geospatial Analysis of Tree Canopy 2.1.4.2

The following data were used in developing the workflow outlined in Section 2.1.4.1. These data sources were chosen because are publicly available, are developed by reliable state and local agencies, and are commonly used in mapping and analysis.

er.

Tree Canopy	
Inside the Twi	n Cities Metropolitan Area
Data/Source	'2015 Twin Cities Metropolitan Area (TCMA)Urban Tree Canopy Assessment, University of MN'
	Download available on MN Geospatial Commons
Format	Raster, 8-bit GEOTIFF, 1m x 1m pixels
Extent	7-County TCMA
Description	1-Meter high resolution urban land cover classification data set that is optimized for tree canopy mapping. In places where tree canopy overhangs an impervious surface such as a street, the canopy edge mapped rather than the impervious surface.
Comments	The data were developed using NAIP imagery from 2011 (fall) and 2015 (summer) and lidar from 2011.
	 Data accuracy is highest in areas with mature tree canopy. Where development has occurred few years before 2015, canopy data may be less accurate and should be inspected by comparing to recent aerial photographs. Data can be supplemented with local tree inventories where available.
which prioritize Users should be	olution land cover data for the TCMA is also available in an impervious surface-focused format es impervious surface edges over canopy. This version can also be used to assess ROW canopy. It is aware that canopy covers values derived through the geoprocessing using the impervious diversion will be somewhat lower than those derived from the TCMA Urban Tree Canopy layer.
Outside the Tw	rin Cities Metropolitan Area
Data /Cayyas	National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP) Color Infrared Imagery, raw

Outside the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area		
Data/Source	National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP) Color Infrared Imagery, raw LiDAR data for the area of interest	
Format	Raster	
Extent	County	
Description	False color high-resolution imagery (1-meter or better) developed from aerial imagery acquired during the growing season.	
Comments	Special methodology, see University of Minnesota Digital Conservancy:	
Comments	https://conservancy.umn.edu/handle/11299/183470mn	
Roadway Cent	Roadway Centerline Data Sets	
#1 choice	Data maintained by the county of municipality of interest. Key attributes used in this analysis include:	
	 jurisdiction (state, county, local, private) municipal classification (e.g., arterial, collector, local) or the ROW width. 	
#2 choice	MnDOT Route Centerlines (Statewide). This data set is reliable, but some additional processing may be needed to isolate road of interest when compared to county or local data sets.	
Format	Vector, typically polylines with breaks at intersections, start/end of curves, changes in jurisdiction or name, and at expansion/contraction in lane number	

Extent	Varies depending on jurisdiction
Description	Typically shows centerlines of public and some private roads within extents of the data set. It may also include attributes to describe road type, number of lanes, length, name, jurisdiction of roadway, width, etc.
Comments	Road centerline data are available statewide and at the county level for most Minnesota counties through the Minnesota Geospatial Commons. Some municipalities maintain geospatial records of local, municipal roads that is available upon request.
Municipal/Jurisdictional Boundary	
	'City, Township, and Unorganized Territory in Minnesota'
Data/Source	MN DOT and Minnesota Geospatial Information Office
	Available through the MN Geospatial Commons
Format	Vector
Extent	Statewide
Description	Dataset represents the boundaries of cities, townships, and unorganized territories (CTUs) in Minnesota

2.2 Visual Assessment of Tree Canopy using Aerial Imagery

For small municipalities, visual assessment of street corridor tree canopy may be more cost effective than geospatial analysis. Tree canopy cover characteristics tends to be fairly homogenous within development boundaries. Also, developments of similar age often concentrated geographically. Likewise, zoning ordinances, which dictate allowable land cover changes by land use, often have the effect of producing large areas within which tree canopy characteristics are similar. These development patterns and the tree canopy characteristics associated with them are discernable on aerial imagery (see Figure 7 in Appendix A).

Visual assessment, streets should be assessed at a development, neighborhood, or zoning scale (or combination thereof) using a categorical tree canopy rating to describe canopy cover. Canopy cover estimates, whether derived quantitatively as described in Section 2.1.4.1 or through Canopy cover estimates - whether derived quantitatively as described in Section 2.1.4.1 or through visual assessment, can be clipped or aggregated to derive average canopy cover for larger or small areas of interest using area-weighting.

Visual examples of quantified street corridor canopy are provided in Appendix A: Guide for Visual Assessment of Street Corridor Tree Canopy. A recommended rating scale (low, moderate, medium, high, or very high) is paired with neighborhood-scale examples that are categorized by average percent tree canopy cover within the area shown.

Canopy cover estimates or rating derived through this method can be added as an attribute to road centerline data sets and used in street sweeping prioritization exercises (Section 3). A sample workflow for integration of visual assessment in street sweeping prioritization is outline below. The workflow is shown diagrammatically in Figure 5

Workflow Summary

Identify and isolate candidate roads

1) See description in Section 2.1.4.1

Group roads by land use zoning type (Optional)

2) For visual assessment of tree canopy, it may be useful to assign a land use classification to road segment by intersecting municipal roads and municipal zoning boundaries. This field can be used to refine selections in step 3.

Assign Tree Canopy Rating

- 3) For visual assessment of tree canopy cover, NAIP true color aerial imagery is preferred to:
 - A. Add a new text field, 'Canopy' to the road centerline layer.
 - B. Select roads within areas are that have similar tree canopy cover characterizes and assign a canopy rating using the visual comparisons provided in Appendix A.

 Repeat Step 3B as needed until all roads have been assigned a tree canopy rating.

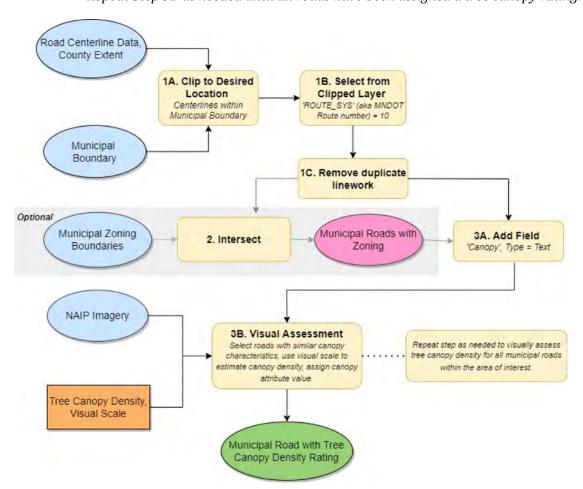


Figure 5. Workflow diagram for using visual assessment of street corridor tree canopy to associate canopy cover rating with municipal road segments.

2.2.1 Recommended Data Sources for Visual Assessment of Tree Canopy

The following data sources are recommended for visual assessment of tree canopy cover.

Table 5. Summary of recommended data sources for geospatial analysis of street corridor tree canopy cover.

Aerial Imagery	
Data/Source	National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP), True Color Imagery ¹
Format	Raster
Extent	Statewide by County
Description	NAIP Imagery is available through the USDA: https://naip-usdaonline.hub.arcgis.com/
Boundary Layer (Optional)	
Data/Source	Data layer representing boundaries that characterize land areas within the municipality such as drainage, zoning, or development boundaries may be useful in visual assessment of tree canopy cover.
	This type of data is typically available through the local agencies (city, county, watershed district, etc.).
Description	Typically vector format.

¹ The same imagery may be available at a statewide extent as 'color FSA' imagery through a WMS server. Note that county-level imagery available through WMS servers tends to favor leaf-off imagery (flown during the spring or fall) any may be difficult to use for the purpose of assessing tree canopy cover. For more information on imager available through WMS servers see Minnesota Geospatial Image Service:

https://www.mngeo.state.mn.us/chouse/wms/geo_image_server.html

3 Using Tree Canopy Cover Data to Identify Priority Area for Street Sweeping

Outside of additional context, street corridor tree canopy cover data alone would not define priority street sweeping zones. Canopy cover density occurs across a continuum and even where there is stark contrast in canopy cover density, other factors like direct connectivity between streets and surface waters, may provide a context that makes sweeping in lower canopy density areas more beneficial or more cost-effective than sweeping in high canopy density areas.

When used in combination with other data like, storm sewer or BMP catchment boundaries, surface water drainage areas, zoning or neighborhood boundaries, canopy cover provides a means to rank and prioritize areas for street sweeping. This can be done using geospatial analysis by intersecting the feature layer of interest (e.g., drainage boundaries) with street corridor canopy polygons derived through quantitative (Section 2.1.4.1) or qualitative (Section2.2) assessment. Area-weighting can be used to calculate an average street corridor canopy cover at the overlay feature scale. Feature areas can then be prioritized by average tree canopy cover ratings as shown in Figure 6.

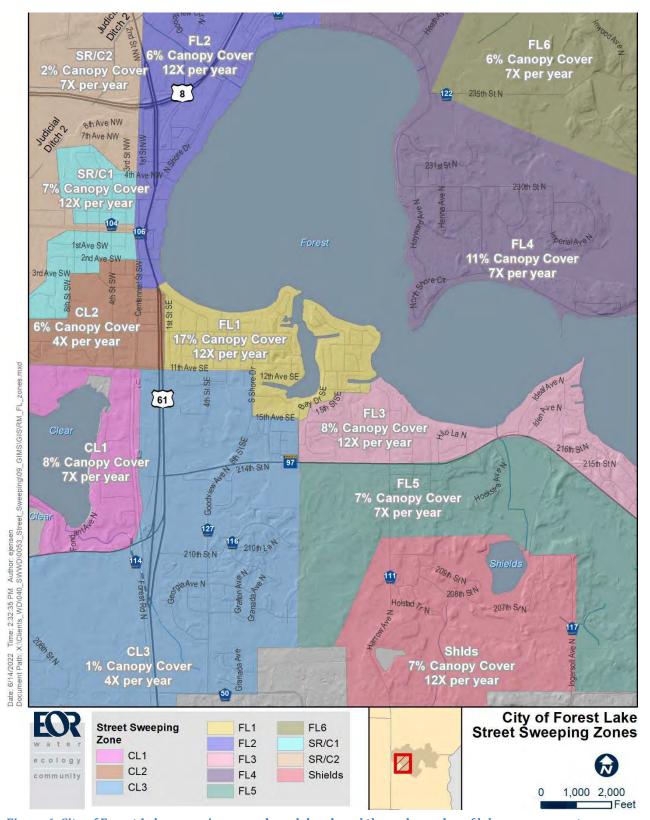


Figure 6. City of Forest Lake sweeping zones based developed through overlay of lake management areas, storm sewer catchments, and tree canopy cover. Area with high connectivity to surface waters and/or high canopy covers were prioritized for increased sweeping frequency.

4 Summary

- I. Mapped tree canopy cover can be used to quantify tree canopy density for areas that are most likely to contribute leaf litter and duff to municipal street surfaces.
 - Where mapped canopy cover data are available (7-County TMCA), this analysis is simple, but additional data and data processing are required to perform the same analysis in other parts of the state.
 - Manual correction of data may be needed in areas of recent development
 - The accuracy of this method is sufficient for use in planning street sweeping; however additional parameters, such as water resource planning priorities or pre-defined routes, are needed to rank or prioritize areas for sweeping.
- II. For small study areas, visual assessment of tree canopy cover using aerial imagery may a more efficient way to estimate street corridor tree canopy density for the purpose of planning street sweeping.
- III. Tree canopy density ratings can be paired with drainage boundaries or other data sets that inform street sweeping objectives to identify and prioritize area of higher tree canopy cover for high frequency street sweeping.

5 References and Works Consulted

- EOR, 2018, for the Comfort Lake-Forest Lake Watershed District; City of Forest Lake Street Sweeping Management Plan, http://ci.forest-lake.mn.us/documentcenter.
- Kalinosky, P., 2015. Quantifying Solids and Nutrient Recovered Through Street Sweeping in a Suburban Watershed. Master's Thesis, University of Minnesota
- Kalinosky, P., Baker, L., Hobbie, S., Bintner, R., Buyarski, C., 2013. User Support Manual: Estimating Nutrient Removal by Enhanced Street Sweeping, University of Minnesota for Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA).

Appendix A: Guide for Visual Assessment of Street Corridor Tree Canopy

For some municipalities, zoning boundaries may serve as a proxy for tree canopy assessment. Street corridor tree canopy tends to be most dense in older residential neighborhoods with mature trees in front yards and least dense in commercial industrial areas where trees tend to be less mature and laid out in easily discernable geometries. Areas of new development tend to have the least dense street corridor canopy.

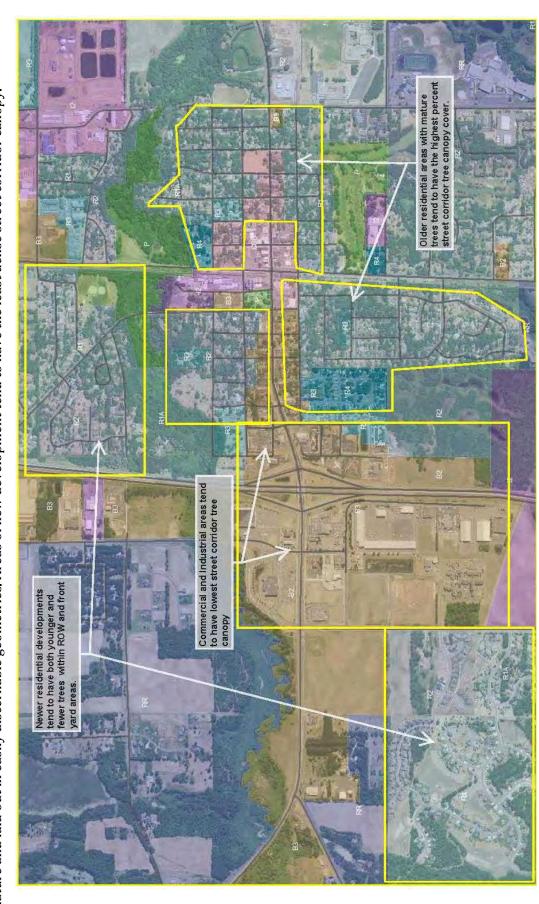


Figure 7. USDA-NRCS-NCGC Digital Ortho Quad County Mosaic, 1Meter, Typical tree canopy characteristics at the municipal zoning scale.

Visual Scale, Street Corridor Tree Canopy Assessment

Tree Canopy Density: Low (<5%)

Assessment Boundary: Right-of-Way + 10 feet.



Area-weighted Average Density = < 1%





Visual Scale, Street Corridor Tree Canopy Assessment

Tree Canopy Density: Moderate (5%-10%)

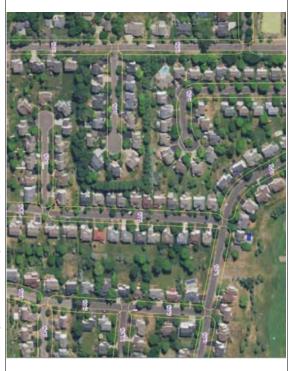
Assessment Boundary: Right-of-Way + 10 feet.



Area-weighted Average Density $\sim 6\%$



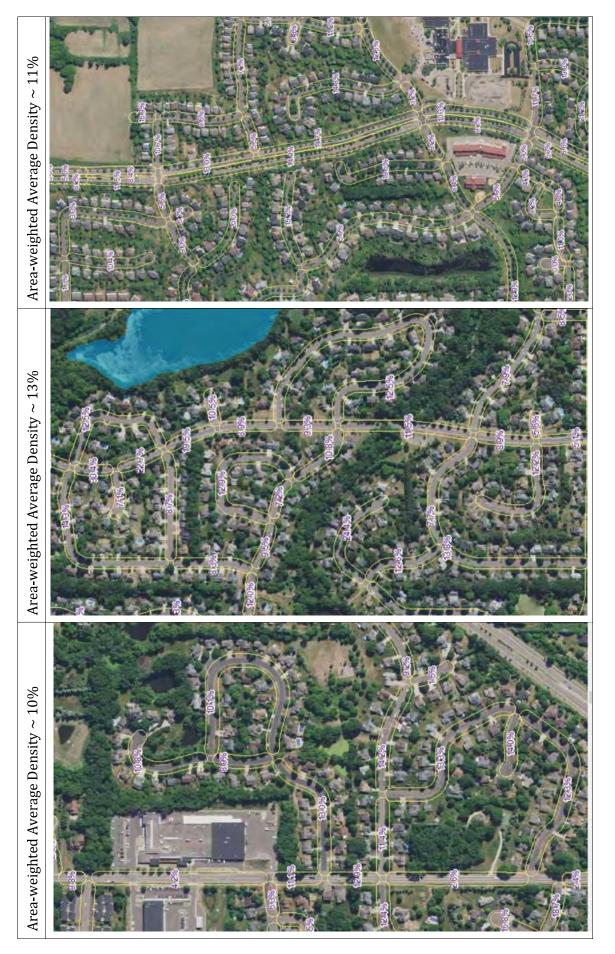
Area-weighted Average Density $\sim 7\%$



Visual Scale, Street Corridor Tree Canopy Assessment

Tree Canopy Density: Medium (10%-15%)

Assessment Boundary: Right-of-Way + 10 feet.

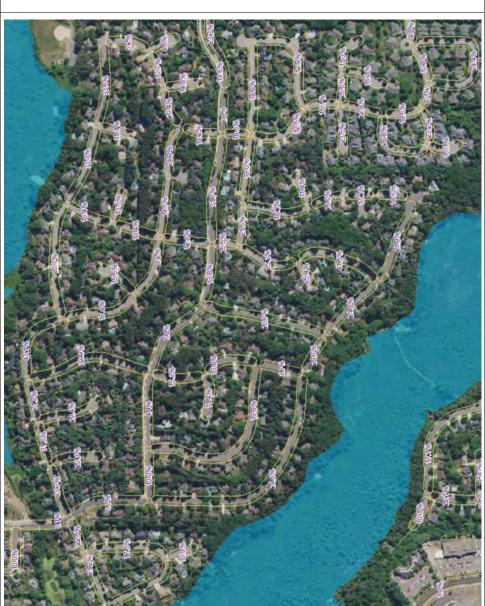


Tree Canopy Density: **High** (15%-25%) Assessm

Area-weighted Average Density $\sim 21\%$

Area-weighted Average Density ~19%

Area-weighted Average Density



Assessment Boundary: Right-of-Way + 10 feet.

Assessment Boundary: Right-of-Way + 10 feet.

Tree Canopy Density: Very High (≥25%)

APPENDIX B: The Influence of Street Corridor Canopy on Solids Collected from Street Surfaces – Section from the Prior Lake Street Sweeping Study

The mass of recovered solids collected per sweep increased with increasing street corridor tree canopy cover and decreased with increasing sweeping frequency (Table 6). On an annual basis, the mass of recovered solids increased with both increasing street corridor tree canopy and increasing sweeping frequency (Table 7).

Table 6. Average dry solids collected per sweep by route (lb/lane-mile)

Sweeping Interval		Low Canopy	Medium Canopy	High Canopy
sing ency	28 days	0.055	0.062§	0.121†
du d	14 days	0.044	0.065	0.086
Incr	7 days	0.041	0.055	0.053

Table 7. Average dry solids collected per year by route (lb/lane-mile)

Sweeping Interval		Low Canopy	Medium Canopy	High Canopy
ng cy	28 days	195	220§	429 [†]
reasing	14 days	156	231	305
Incr	7 days	145	195	188

[§]Route originally classified as 'medium' canopy, but quantified canopy cover was closer to 'low' canopy routes.

On an annual basis, street corridor tree canopy cover was a significant predictor of recovered total phosphorus (Figure 8).

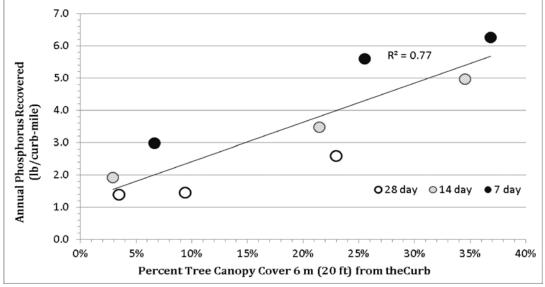


Figure 8. Average total phosphorus recovered per year vs. percent street corridor tree canopy cover for the nine street sweeping routes in the Prior Lake Street Sweeping Study.

 $^{^\}dagger$ Route originally classified as 'high' canopy, but quantified canopy cover was closer to 'medium' canopy routes.

Street corridor tree canopy cover was a significant predictor of recovered total phosphorus for data points in 6 of the 9 months assessed; and a significant predictor of coarse organic solids and total nitrogen recovered in all months (March – November), (Table 8).

Table 8. Months for which street corridor tree canopy cover (%) and sweeping frequency were significant predictors of recovered loads, Prior Lake Street Sweeping Study.

Load Type	Months for which each factor was a significant predictor of the total load ^{1,2}		
(lb/curb-mile)	% Street Corridor Canopy Cover	Average sweeping interval ³	
Total Dry Solids	Oct, Nov	Apr-Jun, Aug, Sep, Nov	
Coarse Organic Solids ⁴	Mar-Nov (all)	Apr, Sep	
Fine Solids	Oct	Apr-Jun, Aug, Oct, Nov	
Total P	May, Jun, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov	Mar-May, Sep, Nov	
Total N	Mar-Nov (all)	Sep	

¹Data include sweepings in March through November. Data were sparse for the months December though January.

When assessed at different buffer distances from the street, correlations between tree canopy cover and recovered loads tended to increase with increasing distance from the street. The increase in correlation typically leveled off at about 20 feet from curb lines.

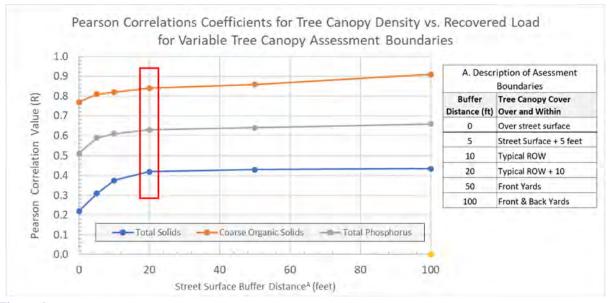


Figure 9. Pearson correlations for canopy cover vs. recover load (annual) for different canopy cover assessment boundaries and recovered load types.

²Regression analysis, α =0.05 significance level.

³ Monthly, bi-weekly, or weekly sweeping intervals.

⁴Component of street sweepings = floatable solids with diameter > 2mm. Organic litter with diameter < 2 mm were included in the 'fine solids' component of sweepings along with other soil-like particles.

APPENDIX C: Road Classifications and ROW Widths

Road centerline shapefiles developed by the Minnesota Department of Transportation include a route classification attribute, 'ROUTE_SYS,' which contains the route system codes shown below. <u>The full document summarizing MDNOT route system</u> descriptions is available on the MNDOT website.

	DEPARTMENT TRANSPORT	TATION	3/9/2020
		Route System Descriptions	
Route System	Abbreviation	Description	
01	1	Interstate	
41	IHO	HOV/HOT/Reversible lanes on Interstate	
51	UNI	Non-numbered Interstate	
02	US	US Highway	
42	UHO	HOV/HOT/Reversible lanes on US Hwy	
52	UNU	Non-numbered US Highway	
03	MN	MN Highway	
32	OR	Other Road	
43	МНО	HOV/HOT/Reversible lanes on MN Hwy	
53	UNM	Non-numbered MN Highway	
04	CSAH	County State Aid Highway	
05	MSAS	Municipal State Aid Street	
07	CR	County Road	
08	T	Township Road	
09	UT	Unorganized Territory Road	
10	М	Municipal Street	
11	NPR	National Park Road	
12	NFR	National Forest Road	
13	IND	Indian Tribe Nation Road	
14	SFR	State Forest Road	
15	SPR	State Park Road	
16	MIL	Military Road	
17	OFAR	Other Federal Agency Road	
18	BFWR	Bureau of Fish and Wildlife Road	
19	FRD	Frontage Road	
20	OSAR	Other State Agency Road	
21	PVT	Privately Maintained Public Access Road	
22	CON	Connector	
23	AR	Airport Road	
24	BIA	Bureau of Indian Affairs Road	
25	LOC	Local Park, Forest or Reservation Agency Road	
26	OLR	Other Local Road	
27	RSR	Railroad Service Road	
28	STL	State Toll Road	
29	LTL	Local Toll Road	
30	ALY	Alleyway	
31	BRR	USBR Road	
33	BLM	BLM Road	
34	NTW	Non Trafficway	

Table 9. Survey of minimum right-of way width by road classification for three TCMA municipalities.

Road Type/Functional Class	Minimum ROW Width (feet)	Source
Arterial	150	A
Arterial	100 - 150	С
Collector	80 - 120	С
Collector	80 - 100	A
Collector Streets	150	В
Commercial or Industrial Service Street	80	С
Street with Medians	80	В
Residential, High-density	70	С
Residential, Multi-family	66	С
Residential, Single family high	60	С
Local Road	50 - 60	A
Residential Public Minor Streets	60	В
Half Street	30	A

A. City of Inver Grove Heights, MN, Code of Ordinances.

B. City of Forest Lake Engineering Design Standards, 2022

C. City of Lake Engineering Specifications, 2022.

Appendix to the 2022-23 Annual Plan of Work Lower St. Croix Fast Track Project Policy

Beginning on July 1, 2022, the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership will use a stream-lined approach to review and recommend projects for funding. Projects submitted by participating entities will be ranked and reviewed two to three times per year in spring, summer, and fall.

On occasion, however, the Partnership recognizes that high value projects may arise that are well-aligned with the goals of our Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan but require more timely review in order to be completed within the calendar year. For time-sensitive projects such as these, local partners may request that their project be reviewed at the next scheduled monthly steering committee meeting.

All projects that are recommended for funding by the Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership will be required to follow the same process, regardless of the timing for their review. This includes: completing a project request form and self-evaluation; submitting the project for steering committee and/or policy committee review; executing a contract for funding with the fiscal agent; and filling out and submitting an invoice template to the fiscal agent upon project completion.

Projects will only be fast-tracked if they cannot wait until the next scheduled review meeting and their benefit would significantly outweigh that of future projects that will be considered.

This policy should not be construed to include "emergency projects", as defined by Minnesota Statute 103D.615. The term "emergency project" is strictly applicable to watershed districts and counties during a declared State of Emergency. The Lower St. Croix Watershed Partnership does not have authority under Minnesota Statute to declare a State of Emergency nor complete "emergency projects."

1 2 3 4	JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE LOWER ST. CROIX COMPREHENSIVE WATERSHED MANANGEMENT PLAN			
5 6 7	Pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 471.59, this Joint Powers Agreement is entered by and between the political subdivisions and local units of governmental units of the State of Minnesota and identified, as follows:			
8 9	The Counties of Anoka, Chisago, Isanti, Pine, Ramsey and Washington each by and through its respective Board of Commissioners (collectively referred to as the Counties);			
10 11 12	The Anoka, Chisago, Isanti, Pine and Washington Soil and Water Conservation Districts, each by and through its respective Board of Supervisors (collectively referred to as the SWCDs);			
13 14 15	The Brown's Creek, Carnelian Marine St. Croix, Comfort Lake Forest Lake, South Washington and Valley Branch Watershed Districts, each by and through its respective Board of Managers (collectively referred to as the Watershed Districts); and			
16 17 18	The Middle St. Croix, and Sunrise River Joint Powers Watershed Management Organizations, each by and through its respective governing board (collectively referred to as the Watershed Management Organizations).			
19 20 21 22 23	Together, the above identified Counties, SWCD's, Watershed Districts and Watershed Management Organizations collectively formed the Lower St. Croix Watershed Implementation Partnership and for purposes of this Agreement, said political subdivisions and local units of government and those added in accordance with the terms of this Agreement are herein collectively referred to as "Parties" and individually, as "Party."			
24 25	RECITALS			
26 27 28 29 30 31	WHEREAS, pursuant Minnesota Statutes Section 103B.305, Subd. 5 and 103B.3363, each of the Parties to this agreement is a local unit of government having the responsibility and authority to separately or cooperatively, by joint agreement pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 471.59, to prepare, develop, adopt, implement and administer a comprehensive local water management plan, as defined pursuant to Section 103B.3363, subd. 3, or a comprehensive watershed management plan, as a substitute thereof, and carry out implementation actions, programs and projects toward achievement of goals and objectives of such plans.			
33 34 35 36 37 38 39	WHEREAS, pursuant to Minnesota Statute Sections 103B.101 and 103B.801, the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (BWSR) is authorized, amongst things, to coordinate the water and resource planning and implementation activities of counties, soil and water conservation districts, watershed districts and watershed management organizations and to administer and oversee the Minnesota Comprehensive Watershed Management Planning Program, known as the One Watershed, One Plan program; and			

1 2 3 4	WHEREAS, each of the Parties exercises water management authority and responsibility within the Lower St. Croix River Watershed Management Area, a geographical area consisting of those portions of Anoka, Chisago, Isanti, Pine, Ramsey and Washington counties that drain into the St. Croix River watershed as depicted on Exhibit A, attached hereto and incorporated herein; and
5	
6 7 8 9	WHEREAS, the Parties have previously entered into the Lower St. Croix Watershed Memorandum of Agreement for the purpose to collaboratively develop, as local government units, a coordinated comprehensive watershed management plan for the Lower St. Croix River planning boundary; and
10	
11 12 13 14	WHEREAS, in accordance with BWSR policy, the Memorandum of Agreement for planning established a framework of consistency and cooperation through a governing structure having a Policy Committee and an Advisory Committee and provisions that the role and authority of the governing bodies of the Parties, the Policy Committee and Advisory Committee; and
15	
16 17 18 19 20 21	WHEREAS, in accordance with BWSR policy adopted pursuant to Minnesota Statute Section 103B.801, the Parties have developed the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan, hereinafter referred to as the "Plan" and it is the intent of the Parties that said Memorandum of Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and this Agreement shall not be construed as to modify or supplant the terms or provisions of the Memorandum of Agreement; and
22	
23 24 25 26	WHEREAS, with matters that relate to coordination of water management authorities pursuant to Minnesota Statute Chapters 103B, 103C, and 103D and with public drainage systems pursuant to Minnesota Statute Chapter 103E, this Agreement does not change the rights or obligations of the public drainage system authorities; and
27	
28 29 30	WHEREAS, this Agreement and the Lower St. Croix Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan does not replace or supplant local land use, planning, or zoning authority of the respective Parties and the Parties intend that this Agreement shall not be construed in that manner.
31	TERM (C.A.V.D. CO.V.D.T.YO.V.C
32	TERMS AND CONDITIONS
33	NOW THEREFORE assessed to Missessed State to Section 471.50 and other related to
343536	NOW THEREFORE, pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Section 471.59 and other relevant state law and in consideration of the mutual promises and benefits that the parties shall derive herefrom, all Parties hereby enter into this joint powers agreement and agree, as follows:
37	
38 39	1. Purpose: This Agreement has the following purposes:

- a. This Agreement establishes the terms and conditions, governing structure and processes by which the Parties will jointly and cooperatively continue the planning and the implementation of the Plan. Consistent with its terms and conditions, this Agreement authorizes the Parties to cooperatively exercise their common and similar power of local water planning and management notwithstanding the territorial limits within which they may otherwise exercise separately.
- b. This Agreement does not establish a joint powers entity. Rather, this Agreement continues the collaborative governing structure established under the Memorandum of Agreement and redefines the role and authority of the governing bodies, the Policy Committee and Advisory Committee in the decision-making process as applicable for implementation of the plan. This Agreement provides criteria and a process to add additional local units of government as Parties to this Agreement.
- c. This Agreement identifies the process of preparing, adopting and carrying out annual work plans that will serve as the mechanism essential for Plan implementation.
- d. This Agreement provides for the designation and appointment of a Party or Parties or their representative to carry out the administrative responsibilities associated with the continued collaborative planning and implementation of the Plan and to perform all fiscal responsibilities associated Plan implementation.
- 2. Eligibility and Procedure to Become A Party

- a. Qualifying Party: A county, SWCD, watershed district or watershed management organization located and authorized to carry out water planning and resource management responsibilities within the Lower St. Croix River Management Area is eligible to become a Party to this Agreement.
- b. Initial Parties: A county, SWCD, watershed district or watershed management organization may be an initial Party through adoption of one or more resolutions by its respective governing board that indicates its intent to be a Party to this Agreement; that adopts and authorizes such local unit of government to enter into this Agreement; and that adopts and begins implementation of the Plan, or later amendments, within 60 days of State approval of the Plan, or within 45 days of executing this Agreement, whichever is later. Such local unit of government shall also give notice of plan adoption in accordance with provisions of Minnesota Statutes Chapters 103B and 103D. Any qualifying county, SWCD, watershed district or watershed management organization that desires to become a Party after expiration of the 60 day period for joining as an Initial Party will be eligible to become a Party as an Additional Party pursuant to Section 2.c., below

- 2 3 4 5 6
 - 7

c.

Adding Additional Parties:

- 8
- 9 10 11
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- 13 14 15 16 17
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31 32

4. Term and Termination

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41

become a Party to this Agreement at any time later than 60-days following State approval of the Plan shall provide the Administrative Coordinator a formal statement that indicates its intent to become a Party to this Agreement and a certified copy of the resolution or motion adopted by its governing board that contains all of the following:

A qualifying local unit of government that desires to

- i. A declaration of intent to join as a Party to the Agreement;
- ii. A statement that the local government unit is authorized to enter into and be bound by the terms and conditions of this Agreement; including but not limited to the bylaws, policies and procedures adopted by the Policy Committee; and
- iii. A statement that the local government unit adopts the Plan.

3. Payments and Financial Responsibilities of the Parties

- Upon receipt of such certified documents, the Administrative Coordinator shall issue a signature page to the local government unit and instructions to execute and return the same along with the name and contact data of the representatives appointed by the local government unit to serve on the Policy Committee and the names and contact information of staff of the local government unit assigned to serve on the Advisory Committee. The local government unit will have all duties, rights and responsibilities as a Party to this Agreement upon filing with the Administrative Coordinator a copy of its authorized signature to this Agreement.
- d. Procedure for Parties to Leave Membership of Agreement: Any Party desiring to leave the membership of this Agreement shall indicate its intent in writing to the Policy Committee in the form of an official board resolution. Notice must be made 90 days in advance of leaving. A Party that leaves the membership of the Agreement remains obligated to comply with the terms of any grants associated with the Agreement until the grant has ended.
- Each Party is financially responsible for its costs and expenses incurred in implementing the Plan or in carrying out related implementation activities, projects, and programs.
- a. Effective Date: This Agreement is effective upon signature of all initial Parties and will remain in effect until December 31, 2031, unless terminated consistent with terms of this Agreement or as otherwise provided under law.
- b. Review: Commencing in the second year following the effective date of this Agreement and continuing each year thereafter, the Policy Committee will annually conduct a review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the joint and collaborative partnership provided by this Agreement and the governing structure of the Policy Committee. With the assistance of the Advisory Committee, the Policy Committee shall prepare a report on its findings and provide recommendations as appropriate to

- governing boards of the Parties. The report and recommendations should be submitted to the governing boards at the time in which the Policy Committee provides its recommendation on the proposed annual work plan. Any recommendation of the Policy Committee to revise a term or condition of this Agreement will only become effective upon 2/3rds approval of the governing boards of the then present Parties.
 - c. Termination: This Agreement may be terminated by resolution adopted by the governing bodies of all of the then existing Parties. The parties acknowledge their respective and applicable obligations, if any, under MN Statutes Section 471.59, Subd. 5 after the agreement has been terminated or the purpose of the Agreement has been completed.

5. General Provisions

- a. Compliance with Laws/Standards: The Parties agree to abide by all federal, state, and local laws; statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations now in effect or hereafter adopted pertaining to this Agreement.
- b. Timeliness: The Parties agree to perform the obligations under this Agreement in a timely manner and inform each other about delays that may occur.
- c. Liability and Insurance: Each Party shall be liable for the acts, errors and omissions of its respective officers, employees or agents and each Party shall carry liability insurance coverage of not less than \$1.5 million per occurrence, the maximum liability for each Party as provided under Minnesota Statutes Section 466.04. The Parties may participate in a self-insurance pool to meet this requirement.
- d. Indemnification: The provisions of the Municipal Tort Claims Act, Minnesota Statute Chapter 466 and other applicable laws govern liability of the Parties. To the full extent permitted by law, actions by the Parties, their respective officers, employees, and agents pursuant to this Agreement are intended to be and shall be construed as a "cooperative activity." It is the intent of the Parties that they shall be deemed a "single governmental unit" for the purpose of liability, as set forth in Minnesota Statutes Section 471.59, subd. 1a(a). For purposes of Minnesota Statutes Section 471.59, subd. 1a(a) it is the intent of each party that this Agreement does not create any liability or exposure of one party for the acts or omissions of any other party. If a Party is found responsible for any liability associated with the actions of the Lower St. Croix One Watershed, One Plan Policy Committee or implementation of the Comprehensive Watershed Management Plan, said Party agrees to indemnify and hold harmless any of the other non-liable parties of this Agreement for any defense costs and expenses associated with any such claim.
- e. Employee Status: The respective employees and agents of each Party shall remain the employees of each individual respective Party.
- f. Data Practices, Data Management and Record Retention: Notwithstanding Minn. Stat. 13.82, subd. 24 or any other provision of law the parties agree that for purposes of the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act and all other statutes and provision of law related to data practices, data management and records retention,

each party shall remain the exclusive responsible authority, as defined in Minn. Stat. 13.02, subd. 16, for its own data management, for responses to data requests and for all aspects of records retention for any and all data in any form that is collected, created, received, maintained or disseminated by the party agency. This section includes but is not limited to all data regardless of its classification as the term government data is defined in Min. Stat. 13.02, subd. 7.

g. Auditor Access and Review of Business Records: Pursuant to Minn. Stat. 16C.05 subd. 5 the parties agree that each party, the State Auditor or legislative Auditor, or any duly authorized representative at any time during normal business hours and as often as they deem reasonably necessary, shall have access to and the right to audit, excerpt and transcribe any books, documents, papers, records, etc. that are pertinent to the accounting practices and procedures of the parties and involve transactions relating to this Agreement. The parties agree to maintain and make available these business records for a period of at least 6 years from the date of the termination of this agreement.

6. Annual Work Plans:

- a. Required Contents: Annual work plans will be developed that detail implementation of the Plan, minimally including projects and programs to be completed collaboratively and associated budgets. A fiscal agent and a responsible Party or Parties shall be identified for each project, program or implementation activity contained in the annual work plan. The responsible Party or Parties must provide any grant matching funds and accept responsibility for implementation and outcomes. The annual work plans may include a summary of projects, programs and implementation activities to be accomplished with state Watershed Based Implementation Funds, competitive state grants, local funds or others.
- b. Process for Development and Adoption of Annual Work Plans.

The decision – making process in the development and adoption of annual work plans shall be as follows:

- 1. The Advisory Committee shall draft and prepare the proposed annual work plan ranking projects, programs and implementation activities utilizing the selection criteria contained in the Plan.
- 2. The Advisory Committee shall present the proposed annual work plan to the Policy Committee for discussion and revision as appropriate.
- 3. The Policy Committee shall vote to recommend a proposed annual work plan to the governing boards of the Parties for approval. A vote of 2/3rd of the members present of the Policy Committee is necessary to move a recommended annual work plan onto the governing boards.
- 4. The governing bodies of the Parties shall approve the annual work plan for its implementation. An annual work plan will be approved only through approval of $2/3^{\text{rd}}$ of the governing bodies of then existing Parties.

7. Structure and Governance

To carry out the coordinated and collaborative planning, development and implementation of the Plan and development, adoption of annual work plans, the Parties will continue the Policy Committee and Advisory Committee, as established under the Memorandum of Agreement. The function and the authority of the governing boards of the Parties and the composition, function and authority of the Policy Committee and Advisory Committee are as follows; a. Governing Boards of Parties i. The governing boards are the elected or appointed officials of the respective Party to this Agreement. ii. Responsibilities: The governing boards of the Parties have the responsibility

- ii. Responsibilities: The governing boards of the Parties have the responsibility to take approval action on matters required by the terms of this Agreement and on matters recommended by the Policy Committee. Matters on which governing boards must take formal action include, but are not limited to, as follows:
 - 1. Designation of an elected or appointed member or members to serve on the Policy Committee and set the term of service of each member so designated.
 - 2. Approval of Annual Work Plans;
 - 3. Amendments to the provisions of the Plan; and
 - 4. Adoption or approval of other matters necessary for Plan implementation.
- iii. Authority: A governing board of a Party shall exercise its decision-making authority only by adoption of a formal resolution. Governing boards must act on Policy Committee recommendations within 60 days after the day in which the Policy Committee formally adopted such recommendation. The decisions of the various governing boards of the Parties will be deemed approved for purposes of this Agreement when 2/3^{rds} of the governing bodies have adopted formal action on the respective recommendation.

b. Policy Committee

- i. Responsibilities: The Policy Committee has the responsibility to develop and make recommendations on those matters that require approval by the governing boards of the Parties, including, but not limited to, annual work plans, additional parties to this Agreement, revisions and modifications to this Agreement and amendments to the Plan. Each member of the Policy Committee member shall serve as a liaison to his or her respective governing board; keep such governing board informed on the implementation of the Plan; and ensure that the preferences and ideas of such governing board are communicated to the Policy Committee.
- ii. Composition: The Policy Committee shall be composed of one representative from each Party to this Agreement, except that Chisago County shall have three representatives seated on the Policy Committee. Each party may

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also have one alternate in the absence of the designated representative. With exception of Chisago County, representatives and alternates must be an elected or appointed member of that Party's governing board and selected by the Party's governing board. The Chisago County Board of Commissioners must appoint three representatives to the Policy Committee, with one representative and an alternative representative each being a Commissioner and the two other representatives and respective alternatives to the Policy Committee appointed by the Chisago County Board of Commissioners as it may determine as appropriate. The term of each representative is decided by the appointing governing board.

- The Policy Committee shall be governed pursuant to bylaws and rules of procedure as the Policy Committee may develop, adopt and revise from time to time. The Policy Committee may utilize bylaws adopted in the preparation and development of the Plan and may revise the same to be suitable for purposes of Plan implementation. Bylaws and rules of procedure shall comply with relevant statutory provisions and be in as much as possible consistent with the terms of this Agreement. In the event of conflict or ambiguity, the terms of this Agreement shall prevail.
- At a minimum, the rules of procedure of the Policy
 - 1. The Policy Committee will have at least twice-annual meetings and special meetings as necessary for implementation of the Plan.
 - 2. The Chair or any four representatives may call special meetings giving not less than 72 hours written notice of the time, place and purpose of such a meeting delivered by mail or email to each Party.
 - 3. All meetings of the Policy Committee will comply with statutes and rules requiring open and public meetings. The official posting location for meeting dates and locations shall be the Lower St. Croix One Watershed
 - 4. The conduct of all meetings of the Policy Committee shall be generally guided by the most recent edition of Robert's Rules of Order.
 - 5. A quorum for decision-making shall consist of at least 50% plus one of the
 - 6. Each representative present shall have one vote. All decisions shall be approved by a supermajority vote of 2/3rds of those representatives present. All votes shall be made in person, and no representative may appoint a proxy for any question coming before any meeting for a vote.

Responsibilities: The Advisory Committee has the responsibility to assist and advise the Policy Committee and to prepare and develop matters necessary for Policy Committee recommendation, including, but not limited to, annual work plans, and proposed amendments to the Plan and this

1 Agreement.

2 ii. Composition: The Advisory Committee is composed of staff of the
3 Parties to this Agreement. Each Party may assign up to two staff to serve on
4 the Advisory Committee. On a vote of two-thirds of its members present, the
5 Policy Committee may increase the number of members on the Advisory
6 Committee.

8. Administrative Coordinator

- a. The Parties shall designate a Party to serve as Administrative Coordinator. The Administrative Coordinator has the responsibility to perform the administrative and coordinative work necessary for Plan implementation that is not associated with a specific implantation activity, project or program. The responsibility of the Administrative Coordinator may include serving as fiscal agent to accept and carryout all responsibilities associated with grants, grant agreements and financial transactions that are part of and related to grant agreement and contract implementation. Alternatively, the Parties may designate a separate Party to carry out fiscal agent responsibilities. A Party designated to serve as Administrative Coordinator or fiscal agent may assign that function to its staff or contract for such services.
- b. The Parties agree that until the first annual work plan is adopted that the Washington Conservation District and Chisago Soil and Water Conservation District will be jointly designated as Administrative Coordinator. The first annual work plan and each annual work plan thereafter shall identity the Party that is the designated Administrative Coordinator and, as appropriate, the fiscal agent, for purposes of implementing that respective annual work plan.
- c. The governing board of the Administrative Coordinator and fiscal agent is authorized to make payments and to take other actions within a respective approved annual work plan.
- d. The costs and expenses incurred by a Party in performing the function of Administrative Coordinator and fiscal agent may be paid with grant funds, including state Watershed Based Implementation Funds unless prohibited by State policy, grant contract or law. In the event that these funds are unavailable or insufficient, such costs and expenses remain the financial responsibility of such Party incurring the same unless the Parties otherwise agree through an approved annual work plan or separate action adopted by the governing boards of the then existing parties.

9. Miscellaneous

a. Counterparts: This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Any counterpart signature transmitted by facsimile or by sending a scanned copy by electronic mail or similar electronic transmission shall be deemed an original signature. This executed Agreement including all counterparts shall be filed with each party to this agreement with a notification of the Agreement's effective date.

1 2 3	 Amendments Any changes, amendments, or modifications to this Agreement may only be made formal resolution adopted by all of the governing boards of the then existing Parties.
4 5 6	c. Savings Clause: In the event that any provision of this Agreement is determined by a court of law to be null and void, the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.
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12	10. Authorized Representatives
13	10. Hadionzea representatives
14	The following persons have been authorized as representatives to act as the primary contact
15	for all matters concerning this agreement are:
16	for all matters concerning this agreement are.
17	Anoka County, County Administrator Rhonda Sivarajah or successor
18	Chisago County, County Administrator Chase Burnham or successor
19	Isanti County, County Administrator Julia Lines or successor
20	Pine County, County Administrator David Minke or successor
21	Ramsey County, County Board Chair Toni Carter or successor
22	Washington County, County Administrator Kevin Corbid or successor
23	Anoka Conservation District, District Manager Chris Lord or successor
24	Chisago SWCD, District Manager Craig Mell or successor
25	Isanti SWCD, District Manager Tiffany Determan or successor
26	Pine SWCD, District Manager Jill Carlier or successor
27	Washington Conservation District, District Manager Jay Riggs or successor
28	Brown's Creek Watershed District, District Administrator Karen Kill or successor
29	Carnelian Marine St. Croix Watershed District, District Administrator Mike Isensee or
30	successor
31	Comfort Lake Forest Lake Watershed District, Administrator Mike Kinney or successor
32	South Washington Watershed District, Administrator Matt Moore or successor
33	Valley Branch Watershed District, President Jill Lucas or successor
34	Middle St. Croix WMO, Administrator Matt Downing or successor
35	Sunrise River WMO, Chair Dan Babineau or successor
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40	(Signature Pages begin on next Page).

1 2	IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF the Pauthorized officers. (Repeat this page		agreement by their duly
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6	PARTNER:		
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14	BY:		
15	Board Chair	Date	
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20	BY:		
21	Manager/Administrator	Date	
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25	APPROVED AS TO FORM (use if	necessary)	
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27	BY:		
28	County Attorney	Date	